

Social and Religious Reform Movements in 19th Century

1. Name the western ideas which inspired Indians?

Equality, Liberty and Humanity

2. Which is called as Indian Renaissance movement?

Socio-religious reform movements

3. Who is called as pioneer of reform movement?

Raja Ram Mohan Roy

4. Name some languages known by Raja Ram Mohan Roy?

Arabic, Sanskrit and Persian, English, French, Latin, Greek and Hebrew

5. Who was the founder of Atmiya Saba?

Raja Ram Mohan Roy

6. What was the development made to the Atmiya Saba?

Brahmo Samaj in the year 1828

7. Who passed the Sati Prohibition Act of 1829?

Lord William Bentinck

8. Who is the author of Precepts of Jesus Christ?

Raja Ram Mohan Roy

9. Who carried out the work of Samaj after death of Raja Ram Mohan Roy?

Keshab Chandra Sen and Devendranath

10. Where was Prarthana Samaj found?

Bombay in 1867

11. Who was the founder of Prarthana Samaj?

Dr. Atmaram Pandurang

12. What are the ideas of Prarthana Samaj?

Inter-dining, inter-caste marriage, widow re-marriage, improvement of women, downtrodden classes and the abolition of purdha system and child marriage.

12. Who was the founder of Arya Samaj?

Swami Dayananda Saraswathi

13. When was Arya Samaj found?

1875

14. What was the original name of Swami Dayananda Saraswathi?

Mul Shankar

15. What was the motto of Swami Dayananda Saraswathi?

Go back to Vedas

16. Who started the Suddhi Movement?

Swami Dayananda Saraswathi

17. What are the things opposed by Arya Samaj?

Child marriage, polygamy, purdha system, casteism and sati

18. What is DAV?

The Samaj started a number of schools all over the country to impart English and Vedic education this is called as DAV or Dayananda Anglo-Vedic schools and colleges.

19. Name the followers of Swami Dayananda Saraswathi?

Lala Lajpat Rai, Lala Hansraj and Pandit Guru Dutt

20. Who founded the Theosophical society?

Russian lady Madame Blavastsky and American Colonel Henry.S.Olcott in USA

21. What was the aim of Theosophical society?

To preach about God and Wisdom

22. Who became the president of Theosophical society in 1893?

Mrs. Annie Besant

23. Who founded the Central Hindu College?

Mrs. Annie Besant

24. Who was the founder of Ramakrishan mission?

Swamy Vivekananda

25. What is the work of Ramakrishna mission?

It conducts extensive work in health care, disaster relief, rural management, tribal welfare, elementary and higher education and culture.

26. Where is the headquarter of Ramakrishan mission?

At Belur Math near Kolkata in India

27. Who is the wife of Ramakrishna?

Saradhamani Devi

28. What was the newspaper started by Mrs. Annie Besant?

New India

29. Who is called as Swami Vivekananda?

Narendranath Dutta

30. What was the contribution made by Swami Vivekananda in the year 1893?

He was a delegate to the Parliament of the World`s Religions at Chicago in USA and his speech which began with `Sisters and Brothers of Universe` became very famous and brought widespread recognition.

31. What kind of lighting system was encouraged by Ramakrishan mission?

Photovoltaic (PV) in Sundarbans region of West Bengal

32. What was the main aims of the mission?

Purely spiritual and humanitarian

33. What was the two fold national ideals of modern India?

Renunciation and service

34. What are base for service activities of Ramakrishna mission?

Jeeva is Shiva

35. What is the main idea of Swami Vivekananda?

Service to poor is service to god

36. Who started Samarasa Suddha Sanmarga Sangam?

Ramalinga Adigal popularly called as Vallalar

37. When did St. Ramalinga of Vadalur born?

1823

38. What was the form of God in the view of St. Ramalinga?

Arul Perum Jothi

39. What is the primary teachings of Vallalar?

Service to mankind is the path of Moksha

40. Who started the Aligarh movement?

Sir Syed Ahamed Khan

41. Who was the founder of Sathya Dharma Salai?

Ramalinga Adigal

42. What was the view of Ramalinga Adigal?

Master key to spirituality is love

43. What is Jeeva Karunya?

Vallalar showed his compassion and mercy not only on human beings but also on plants, insects, birds and animals. This is called as Jeeva Karunya

44. Name one prominent social reformers of 19th century?

Jyotiba Phule

45. What was the system led by Jyotiba Phule?

He led the movement against the prevailing caste restrictions in India and revolted against the domination of the Brahmins and for the rights of peasants and other low caste people.

46. Who constructed Prema Madhir?

Sripade B.V. Sadhu Maharaja

47. Who is the messiah of dalits and downtrodden in India?

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

48. Who was the first law minister of independent India?

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

49. Who founded the Bahiskrit Hitkarani Sabha?

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

50. Who is called as Thanthai Periyar?

E.V. Ramasamy