1. Arab and Turkish Invasions

I. Choose the correct answer.

1. Muhammad-bib-Qasim was sent to conquer ______
   a. Sind                    b. Delhi
   c. Ghori

   a. Jaichand                b. Jaipala
   c. Rajya Pal

3. Somnath temple was plundered by Mahmud of Ghazni in ______
   a. 1025 A.D                b. 1027 A.D
   c. 1001 A.D

4. In the first Battle of Tarain Muhammad of Ghori was defeated by ______
   a. Sabuktigiri             b. Ghiyasuddin
   c. Prithiviraj

5. The Commander of Muhammad of Ghori was ______
   a. Qutb-ud-din-Aibak       b. Balban
   c. Nasir-ud-din

6. Multan was named as the city of ______
   a. God                    b. Gold
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c. Beauty

7. The Jizya tax was collected from_______
   a. all         b. Muslims
   c. non-Muslims

8. Mahmud of Ghazni was the first ______ invader.
   a. Turkish      b. Mangolian
   c. Arab

9. “The History of India” was written by ______
   a. Henry Elliot   b. Ilbert
   c. Mecaulay

10. Somnath temple is located at _____
    a. Gujarat      b. Orissa
    c. Maharashtra

11. Muhammad of Ghori appointed Qutb-ud-din-Aibak as his
    a. Treasurer     b. Commander
    c. Minister

II. Fill in the blanks

1. Prophet Muhammad was the founder of ______
   Ans: Islam

2. Muhammad-bin-Qasim invaded Sind in _____A.D.
   Ans: 712
3. In the Second Battle of Tarain Muhammad of Ghori killed ______
   Ans: Prithviraj

4. Muhammad-bin-Baktiyar Khilji captured Nadia in ______
   Ans: Bengal

5. Muhammad of Ghori was considered to be the real founder of a ______ Empire in India.
   Ans: Turkish

6. Dahir was the ruler of ______
   Ans: Sind

7. Brahma Gupta wrote ______
   Ans: Brahma Siddanta

8. Manaka was a ______
   Ans: Physician

9. Sabuktgin was the ruler of ______
   Ans: Ghazni

10. Firdausi and Alberuni were patronized by ______
    Ans: Mahmud of Ghazni

11. In the First Battle of Tarain Prithviraj Chauhan defeated ______
    Ans: Muhammad of Ghori

12. The Second Battle of Tarain marked the beginning of the ______ in the heart of Hindustan.
    Ans: Turkish rule

Ans: Nalanda

14. The real founder of the Turkish Empire in India was ____

Ans: Muhammad of Ghori

III. Match the following

1. Al-Hajjaj a. City of Gold
2. Multan b. Governor of Iraq
3. Sabuktigin c. Kathiawar
4. Somnath Temple d. Scholar
5. Firdausi e. Ruler of Ghazni

Ans: 1-b, 2-a, 3-e, 4-c, 5-d

2. 

1. First Battle of Tarain a. 1194 A.D
2. Second Battle of Tarain b. 712 A.D
3. Battle of Chandwar c. 1192 A.D
4. Arab conquest of Sind d. 1025 A.D
5. Expedition of Somnath Temple e. 1191 A.D

Ans: 1-e, 2-c, 3-a, 4-b, 5-d

2. Sultanate of Delhi

I. Choose the correct answer
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1. The Mamaluk rule was founded by ______
   - a. Balban
   - b. Iltumish
   - c. **Qutb-ud-din-Aibak**

2. The first Turkish ruler to introduce Arabic coinage was________
   - a. **Iltutmish**
   - b. Amir Khusrau
   - c. Amir Hasan

3. The poet known as the “Parrot of India” was_____  
   - a. Alberuni
   - b. Kaiqubad
   - c. **Amir Khusrau**

4. The founder of the Sayyid Dynasty was______
   - a. Khizr Khan
   - b. Muhhamad Shah
   - c. Daulat Khan Lodi

5. Babur the ruler of Kabul was invited by ________ to invade India.
   - a. Bahlul Lodi
   - b. Ibrahim Lodi
   - c. **Daulat Khan Lodi**

6. The period from 1206 A.D to 1526 A.D came to be known as ____  
   - a. Rajput period
   - b. Mughal period
   - c. **Sultanate period**

7. Qutb-ud-din-Aibak founded the ______ dynasty.  
   - a. Khilji
   - b. **Mamaluk**
   - c. Tughluq
8. Qutb-ud-din was called Lakh Baksh for his ______
   a. humility  b. generosity  c. kindness

9. The construction of Qutb Minar was started by _____
   a. Iltumish  b. Aram Shah

   **c. Qutb-ud-din Aibak**

10. The first Sultan to invade South India was ____
    a. Balban  b. Alauddin  c. Iltmish

11. The Lodi dynasty was founded by _____

12. The city of Agra was built by _____

**II. Fill in the blanks**

1. Quwat-ul-Islam mosque at Ajmer was built by ________
   Ans: Qutb-ud-din

2. The first woman ruler of the Sultanate period was ______
   Ans: Sultana Razia

3. The founder of the Tughluq dynasty was______
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Ans: Ghiyas-ud-din Tughluq

4. Bahlol Lodi occupied the throne of Delhi in ______
   Ans: 1457 A.D

   Ans: Sahinal

6. The Turkish domination in India was founded by _____
   Ans: Qutb-ud-din-Aibak

7. The term Mamaluk means a ______
   Ans: slave

8. The construction of Qutb Minar was completed by _____
   Ans: Itumish

9. Ala-ud-din-Khilji’s trustworthy general was ______
   Ans: Malik Kafur

10. The Lodi Dynasty was founded by ______
    Ans: Bahlol Lodi

11. Amir Khusrau was a great _____
    Ans: Persian poet

12. Babur ended the _____ dynasty.
    Ans: Lodi

13. The Mughal rule was established in ______
    Ans: 1526 A.D
III. Match the following

1.
1. Qutb-ud-din-Aibak  a. Divine Right Theory
2. Balban          b. Muhammad-bin-Tughluq
3. Jalal-ud-din Firoz Khilji   c. Ruler of Samarqand
4. Prince Junakhan     d. Lakh Baksh or Giver of Lakhs
5. Timur             e. Policy of Peace

Ans: 1-d, 2-a, 3-e, 4-b, 5-c

2.
1. Lakh Baksh    a. Between the Ganga and the Jamuna
2. Mamaluk       b. Iltutmish
3. The Doab region  c. Ilbari Turk
4. Introduction of copper Jital   d. Slave
5. Balban         e. Giver of Lakhs

Ans: 1-e, 2-d, 3-a, 4-b, 5-c

3.
1. Poibos        a. Military department
2. Diwan-i-Ariz  b. Army General
3. Sidi Maula    c. Ruler of Devagiri
4. Ulugh Khan    d. A Religious leader
5. Ramachandra Deva  e. A form of salutation
4.

1. Shahana-i-mandi       a. Marriage Bureau
2. Taquavi loans         b. Hospitals
3. Diwani-i-kherat       c. Helping the poor
4. Dar-ul-shafa          d. Marketing System
5. Diwan-i-Istibqaq      e. To agriculturists

Ans: 1-d,2-e,3-a,4-b,5-c

5.

1. Wazir                a. Minister of Justice
2. Diwani-I-Risalt      b. Defence Minister
3. Diwan-I-Insha        c. Correspondence Minister
4. Diwan-I-Ariz         d. Prime Minister
5. Qazi-ul-quzar        e. Foreign Affairs Minister

Ans: 1-d,2-e,3-c,4-b,5-a

Geography

1. Weather and Climate

I. Fill in the blanks.

1. The Greek word ‘Klima’ refers to ______

Ans: inclination
2. The temperature on the earth’s surface decreases at the rate of _______ for every 1000 metres.

Ans: 6.5°C


Ans: The Christ Child

4. The ______ is a metropolitan area which is significantly warmer than its surrounding areas.

Ans: urban heat Island

5. The _____ is the boundary between the troposphere and stratosphere.

Ans: Tropopause

6. The Equatorial low pressure belt is called ________

Ans: Doldrums

7. The air in horizontal motion is called ______

Ans: wind

8. The name of the local wind which blows over Thar desert in India is ______

Ans: Loo

9. The study of the science of lighting is called ______

Ans: Fulminology

10. Thunderstorms are produced by _______ clouds.

Ans: cumulonimbus

11. The equator receives _______ rays of the sun.

Ans: vertical
12. The polar regions receive ______ rays of the sun.

Ans: slanting

13. The sun is the source of ______ to the earth.

Ans: light and heat

14. The air is ______ near the surface.

Ans: dense

15. Meteorology is the scientific study of the ______

Ans: atmosphere

16. The instrument used to measure the temperature is called the ______

Ans: thermometer

17. The instrument used to measure the velocity and direction of wind is called ______

Ans: Anemometer

18. Cirrus clouds are ______ clouds.

Ans: high

19. Stratus clouds are ______ clouds.

Ans: low

20. Rainfall is measured with ______

Ans: hygrometer

II. Choose the correct answer.

1. In the tropical regions _____ is a major crop.

a. Paddy  

b. Wheat
2. During El Nino Period the temperature rises rapidly once in three to eight years along the coast of ______

   a. Peru and Ecuador               b. Spain and France
   c. India and Pakistan             d. China and Japan

3. The difference between maximum and minimum temperature of the day is called ______

   a. Terrestrial radiation          b. Diurnal range of temperature
   c. Annual range of temperature    d. Isolation

4. ______ is an instrument used to measure the atmospheric pressure.

   a. Thermometer                    b. Hygrometer
   c. Barometer                      d. Wind vane

5. Sub tropical high-pressure belt is called______

   a. Doldrums                        b. Horse latitudes
   c. Coriolis force                  d. Belt of calm

6. In _____ layer, the sun’s rays are ionized.

   a. Troposphere                    b. Stratosphere
   c. Ionosphere                     d. Exosphere

7. ________ clouds are associated with rainfall, thunder and lightning.

   a. Cirrus                         b. Stratus
   c. Cumulus                        d. Nimbus

8. ________ type of rainfall is also called 4’o clock rainfall.
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a. Convectional  b. Orographic

c. Cyclonic  d. Monson

9. The average air pressure at the sea level is ______ millibars.

a. 1008  b. 1020

c. 1033  d. **1013**

10. The ______ clouds are vertical clouds.

a. Cirrus  b. Stratus

c. Cumulus  d. **Nimbus**

11. Equable climate is also known as ______

a. **Maritime climate**  b. Continental climate

c. Monson climate  d. Cool climate

12. As the height increases the air becomes ______

a. heavier  b. **thinner**

c. thicker  d. colder

13. The uppermost layer of the atmosphere is ______

a. Ionosphere  b. Stratosphere
c. **Exosphere**  d. Atmosphere

14. Chinook blows in ________

a. USA  b. Uk
c. Australia  d. Africa
III. Match the following

1. Global Warming  a. Vacuum
2. Thermometer    b. Human influence
3. Anemometer     c. Weather factory
4. Eye of the Cyclone d. Instrument showing velocity and direction of wind
5. Thunderstorms e. Instrument measuring temperature

Ans: 1-b, 2-e, 3-d, 4-a, 5-c

2. Klima  a. Thin layer
1. Tropopause   b. Aurora Australis
3. Northern lights c. Same pressure
4. Southern lights d. Aurora Borealis
5. Isobars      e. Inclination

Ans: 1-e, 2-a, 3-d, 4-b, 5-c

3. Planetary winds a. Monsoon winds
2. Seasonal winds b. Australia
3. Variable winds c. Sahara desert
4. Brick fielder d. Cyclones
5. Sirocco      e. Polar winds
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Ans: 1-e, 2-a, 3-d, 4-b, 5-c

4.

1. Norte a. Alps Region
2. Pampero b. Central Africa
3. Mistral c. Argentina
4. Purga d. Gulf of Mexico
5. Harmattan e. Russia

Ans: 1-d, 2-c, 3-a, 4-e, 5-b

CIVICS

1. Political Parties

I. Choose the correct answer.

1. A Political party creates ______ awareness.
   a. social
   b. economic
   c. political

2. Bi-party system exists in ______
   a. India
   b. U.S.A
   c. France

3. A Party which is recognised as a State Party in ______ States is a National Party.
   a. Four
   b. Eight
   c. Seven

4. ______ from the backbone of democracy.
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a. Election  
b. Political parties

c. Votes

5. The present age is an age of ______

a. Democracy  
b. Monarchy

c. Autocracy

6. Citizens should always be aware of_______

a. Rights and duties  
b. Health and wealth

c. Educational qualification

7. The party which wins majority seats becomes the ______

a. Ruling party  
b. Opposition party

c. Regional party

8. India has ______ system.

a. Single party  
b. Biparty

c. Multiparty

II. Fill in the blanks

1. In a decocracy the citizen is both the ruler and the ______

Ans: ruled

2. Political parties help in forming ________ opinion.

Ans: public

3. Political Parties serve as a link between them ________ and the government.

Ans: People
4. The country having the largest number of political in the world is ________

Ans: India

5. Citizens should be _______ of what is happening in the country.

Ans: aware

6. Parties contest______

Ans: elections

7. A party is recognized as a State party by the __________

Ans: Election Commission

III. Match the following

1. 

1. USSR a. Multiparty
2. USA b. Lok Sabha
3. India c. Single Party
4. Direct election d. Form Public opinion
5. Political Parties e. Bi Party

Ans: 1-c,2-e,3-a,4-b,5-d