7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 7th Std – 3rd Term **History** 1. The Vijayanagar and Bahmani Kingdoms I. Choose the correct answer: 1. The Vijayanagar Empire was founded in the year..... (a) 1337 A.D (b) 1336 A.D (c) 1338 A.D 2. The brothers Harihara and Bukka served under the Hoysala King (b) Narasimhan-II (a) Vira Ballala-III (c) BIlliama-VI 3. The most famous king of the Vijayanagar empire was (b) Bukka (a) Harihara (c) Krishnadeva Raya 4. The Muslim kingdom that rose to prominence in the Deccan in 1347 A.D was the kingdom. (a) Slave (b) Vijayanagar (c) Bahmani 5. Muhammed Gawan was the Regent of (a) Muhammad Shah-III (b) Hasan Gangu (c) Ahmad Shah 6. Krishnadeva Raya belonged to dynasty

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 (a) Saluva (b) Tuluva (c) Sangama 7. Domingo Paes, was a traveller (a) **Portuguese** (b) French (c) Italian 8. In the battle of Talikota was defeated (a) Ramaraya (b) Devaraya II (c) Krishnadeva Raya 9. Hazara Ramasami temple was built under the (a) Vijayanaga empire (b) Bahmani kingdom (c) Chola empire **II.** Fill in the blanks: 1.A group of eight scholars called adorned the court of Krishnadeva winmeen Raya. **Ans:** Ashtadiggajas 2. The Vijayanagar Empire reached its zenith of glory during the period of Ans: Krishnadeva Raya 3. Ramaraya was defeated and killed in the Battle of Ans: Talikota 4. The Bahmani Kingdom was founded by Ans: Hasan Gangu Bahmani

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5. The Bahmani Sultans encouraged Arabic and learning.

Ans: Persian

6. Vijayanagar Empire was founded on the southern banks of

Ans: Tungabhadra

7. The capital of Vijayanagar Empire was

Ans: Hampi

8. Harihara I was succeeded by

Ans: Bukka I

9. Krishnadeva Raya wrote Amuktamalyada in

Ans: Telugu

10. Golgumbaz in Bijapur is called the

Ans: whispering gallery

III. Match the following:

1.

winmeen

- 1. Vijayanagar (a) Bijapur
- 2. Battle of Talikota (b) Ushaparinayam
- 3. Krishnadeva Raya (c) Gulbarga
- 4. Juma Masjid

- (d) Southern bamk of Tungabhadra
- 5. Golgumbaz (e) 1565 A.D

Ans: 1.(d); 2.(e); 3.(b); 4.(c); 5.(a);

2.

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 1. Sayana (a) In Sanskrit 2. Usha Parinayam (b) Exported 3. Amuktamalyada (c) Imported 4. Pearls and saffron (d) Commentaries on Vedas 5. China silk and velvets (e) In Telugu Ans: 1.(d); 2.(a); 3.(e); 4.(b); 5.(c); 3. 1. Madarasa (a) Peace loving king (b) A great learning 2. Tarafdar 3. Muhammad Shah II (c) A place for learning (d) Merciless ruler 4. Feroz Shah 5. Ahmad Shah (e) Governor Ans: 1.(c); 2.(e); 3.(a); 4.(b); 5.(d); 2. Bhakti and Sufi Movements I. Choose the correct answer: 1. The Bhakti movement spread during the period in Indiaa. (a) Medieval (b) Ancient (c) Modern 2. Shankaracharya was born at in Kerala. (a) Kaladi (b) Talwandi

(c) Mewar

7th Social 3 rd Term	Book Back Questions With Answers in Englis
More Book Back 3. Gurunanak was the found	Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> ler of
(a) Sikhism	(b) Virasaivism
(c) Vaishnavism	
4. Sufism originated in	
(a) Iraq	(b) Turkey
(c) Persia	
5. The saints of the Bhakti n	novement advocated
(a) devotion to God	(b) rituals
(c) superstitious beliefs	
6. The Nayanmars populariz	zed the fame of
(a) Siva	(b) Vishnu
(c) Nature	
7. Tiruvasagam was written	by
(a) Appar	(b) Sundar I e e n
(c) Manikavasagar	
8. The glories of Lord Vishr	nu were sung by
(a) Nayanmars	(b) Alwars
(c) Sikhs	
9. Ramananda was the follo	wer of
(a) Kabir	(b) Ramanuja
(c) Basava	

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 10. Mirabai was very popular in for her bhajans. (a) Maharashtra (b) Karnataka (c) Rajasthan 11. Sultan Balban was a devotee of (a) Nizam-ud-din-Auliya (b) Baba Farid (c) Saint Nagore Andavar **II.** Fill in the blanks: 1.Shankaracharya preached philosophy. Ans: Advaita 2. Ramanuja, an exponent of the Bhakti movement was born at near Chennai. **Ans: Sriperumbudur** 3. Basava was the founder of Ans: Virasaivism 4. Gnanadeva wrote a commentary on Bhagavat Gita called Ans: Gnaneswari 5. festival celebrated at Nagore Dargah. **Ans: Kandhuri Urs** 6. Sekhiza wrote..... **Ans: Periyapuranam** 7. Devaram is a collection of Ans: hymns

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 8. Nalayira Divya Prabhandam was complied by Ans: Nadamuni 9. Tulsidas wrote **Ans: Ramcharit manas** 10. Saint Nagore Andavar belonged to the Ans: 16th century A.D 11. The shrine at Nagore is dedicated to **Ans: Saint Nagore Andavar III.** Match the following: 1. (a) Dalit Writer 1. Nayanmars 2. Manikavasagar (b) Vaishnavites 3. Alwars (c) Tiruvasagam (d) Saivities 4. Mirabai (e) Devotee of Krishna 5. Chokamela Ans: 1.(d); 2.(c); 3.(b); 4.(e); 5.(a); 2. 1. Appar (a) Tiruvasagam 2. Andal (b) Periyapuranam 3. Manikavasagar (c) Nalayira Divya Prabhandam 4. Nadamuni (d) Saivism

7th Social 3 rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English		
More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 5. Sekhizhar(e) Vaishnavism		
Ans: 1.(d); 2.(e); 3.(a); 4.(c); 5.((b);	
3.		
1. Sankaracharya	(a) Bengal	
2. Ramanuja	(b) Talwandi	
3. Chaitanya	(c) Kaladi	
4. Guru Nanak	(d) Rajasthan	
5. Mirabai	(e) Sriperumbudur	
Ans: 1.(c); 2.(e); 3.(a); 4.(b); 5.(d);		
4.		
1. Sufi	(a) Purity	
2. Safa	(b) Chain	
3. Suffa	(c) Master	
4. Silsila	(d) Wool meen	
5. Murshid	(e) Platform outside the mosque	
Ans: 1.(d); 2.(a); 3.(e); 4.(b); 5.(c);		
Geography		
1. Disaster and Disaster Management		
I. Choose the correct answer:		

1. The major reason for drought is the

(a) Scarcity of rainfall (b) environmental degradation

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 (c) Afforestation (d) Industry 2. Tornadoes are common in (a) India (b) Bangladesh (c) China (d) U.S.A 3. Landslides often occur in (a) Desert region (b) Forest region (c) Tundra region (d) Hilly region 4. The word Tsunami has been derived from (a) Tamil (b) French (c) Japanese (d) Latin 5. Of the following, which is not a natural disaster (a) Nuclear explosion (b) Deforestation (d) Lightning (c) Forest fire 6. The trembling of the earth's crust is known as (a) volcano (b) earthquake (c) flood (d) cyclone 7. Geothermal energy is generated from (a) volcanoes (b) earthquakes (c) flood (d) land slides 8. The expansion of volcano is measured by (a) Thermometer (b) Tilt meter

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 (c) Barometer (d) Hygrometer **II.Fill in the blanks** 1.Hazard is an Ans: exposure to risk 2. India is divided in to seismic zones. Ans: four 3. In India Tsunami warning centre has been set up at **Ans: Hydrabad** 4. Debris flow is also known as Ans: mudflow or mudslide 5. Avalanches occur on the high and high Ans: latitudes, altitudes 6. Natural disaster occur due to winmeen **Ans: natural forces** 7. Mitigation means Ans: to make less severe 8. Tsunamis are Ans: killer waves or giant waves 9. Tornadoes refer to the violently rotating Ans: columns of air

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1.

1. Tornadoes	(a) Heavy rainfall
2. Molten rocks	(b) Whirling air
3. Landslide	(c) Volcanic eruption
4. Drought	(d) Tsunami
5. Earthquake	(e) Scarcity of rainfall

Ans: 1.(b); 2.(c); 3.(a); 4.(e); 5.(d);

2.	
1. Afforestation	(a) Strong winds
2. Cyclones	(b) Avoid travelling
3. Areas of Avalanches	(c) Check floods
4. Debris flow	(d) Killer waves
5. Tsunami	(e) Mudslide een

Ans: 1.(c); 2.(a); 3.(b); 4.(e); 5.(d);

3.

Weathered Volcano
Natural forces
Natural disaster
Earthquakes
Man made disaster
Low damage risk zone
Movement of tectonic plates
Improve soil fertility
Deccan plateau
Human negligence

More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> Ans: 1.(d); 2.(a); 3.(e); 4.(b); 5.(c);

2. An Introduction to Oceanography

I.Choose the correct answer:

1. A large stretch of water bounded by continents is called

(a) Ocean (b) Sea

(c) Gulf (d) Bay

2. The Atlantic Ocean is enlongated in shape.

(a) 'L'

(b) 'S'

(c) 'U'

3. The rise and fall of sea water twice due to gravitation is known as

(d) 'O'

(a) Tides

(b) Ocean currents

(c) Tsunami (d) waves

4. A is a table top underwater mountain.

(a) Guyot

(b) Abyssal plain

(c) Sea mount (d) Ocean ridge

5. The hydrological cycle is also known as

(a) Hydrogen cycle (b) Oxygen cycle

(c) Water cycle (d) Carbon cycle

6. Oceans cover about of the Earth's surface.

(a) 90% (b) **70%**

(c) 80% (d) 50%

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 7. The largest ocean is the (a) Atlantic (b) Indian (c) Pacific (d) Antarctic 8. The world's busiest trade route is the (a) Atlantic (b) Indian (c) Pacific (d) Antarctic 9. The fourth largest ocean is (a) Atlantic ocean (b) Indian ocean (d) Antarctic ocean (c) Arctic ocean **II.** Fill in the blanks: 1. The Earth is nick named as **Ans: Watery planet** 2. is the deepest trench in the Pacific Ocean. winmeen Ans: Mariana's trench 3. The inlets are known as Ans: Seas 4. The abyssal plain is covered with Ans: Ooze 5. is the most important cause of wave generation. Ans: Wind 6. The ocean is a store house of

More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8

(a) warm current

(b) Body of Saline water

(c) Watery planet

Ans: Mineral resources

7. The deepest ocean is the

Ans: Pacific Ocean

8. The southern most ocean is

Ans: Antarctic Ocean

9. The most saline of seas is the

Ans: Dead Sea

10. The rise and fall of sea water is known as

Ans: tides

III. Match the following:

- 1.
- 1. Peruvian current
- 2. Alaskan current
- 3. Ocean
- 4. Pacific Ocean (d) cold current
- 5. The Earth (e) Triangular in shape

Ans: 1.(d); 2.(a); 3.(b); 4.(e); 5.(c);

2.

- 1. Victorial Islands(a) Antarctic Ocean
- 2. Ross Islands(b) Atlantic Ocean
- 3. Andaman & Nicobar Islands (c) Pacific Ocean

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 4. Greenland (d) Indian Ocean 5. Japan (e) Arctic Ocean Ans: 1.(e); 2.(a); 3.(d); 4.(b); 5.(c); 3. 1. Continental shelf (a) Under water mountain range (b) Underwater volcanoes 2. Continental slope 3. The mid ocean ridge (c) Shallow area 4. Seamounts (d) Rapid steep slope (e) Deepest features in the ocean 5. Oceanic Trenches Ans: 1.(c); 2.(d); 3.(a); 4.(b); 5.(e); Civics **1. Unites Nations Organization I.Choose the correct answer:** 111441 1. The Headquarters of the UNO is at ... (a) Washington (b) The Hague (c) New York 2. The Is called the Parliament of Mankind. (a) Trusteeship Council (b) General Assembly (c) Economic and social Council 3. One of the official language of the UNO is (a) Hindi (b) German

7th Social 3 rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English		
More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> (c) French		
4. There are permaner	at members in the Security Council.	
(a) 4	(b) 5	
(c) 10		
5. The programme launched by the	he has successfully eradicated small pox.	
(a) WHO	(b) ILO	
(c) UNESCO		
6. The Atlantic Charter was signed by		
(a) 20 countries	(b) 26 countries	
(c) 24 countries		
7. Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit of India was elected as the President of the General		
Assembly in		
(a) 1950	(b) 1952	
(c) 1953	winmeen	
8. The Secretary General is appointed by the General Assembly with the		
recommendations of the		
(a) Trusteeship Council	(b) Security Council	
(c) Economic and Social Council		
9. Veto power is enjoyed by the .		
(a) permanent members	(b) non-permanent members	
(c) members of UNO		

More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> II. Fill in the blanks:

1. The term United Nations was coined by

Ans: Franklin D. Roosevelt

2. The UN Charter was signed by countries on 26th June 1945.

Ans: 50

3. The executive branch of the UNO is

Ans: General Assembly

4. All the Trust Territories have attained self-government by the year

Ans: 1994

5. The International Court of Justice is located at in Holland.

Ans: Hague

6. The Atlantic Charter was signed in

Ans: Washington D.C.

7. The UN Charter was signed later by

Ans: Poland

8. At present there are as members of the UNO

Ans: 192 countries

9. The International Court of Justice is also known as the

Ans: World Court

III. Match the following.

1.

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 1. UN Conference (a) Resettles Refugees 2. UNO (b) San Francisco 3. Ban Ki-moon (c) New York (d) 24^{th} October 1945 4. UN Headquarters 5. UNHCR (e) UN Secretary-General Ans: 1.(b); 2.(d); 3.(e); 4.(c); 5.(a); 2. 1. Suez canal (a) Holland (b) Civil war 2. Soviet Troops 3. Cambodia (c) Veto power (d) Internationalised 4. Permanent Members (e) Afghanistan 5. World Court Ans: 1.(d); 2.(e); 3.(b); 4.(c); 5.(a); IV. Mention some specialized Agencies of UNO i) FAO – Food and Agricultural Organisation ii) ILO – International Labour Organisation iii) IMF – International Monetary Fund iv) UNICEF – United Nations Children's Fund v) UNESCO – UN Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation vi) WHO – World Health Organisation vii) WTO – World Trade Organisation.

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 2. Legislations and Welfare Schemes For Children and Women I.Choose the correct answer: 1. The are the future pillars of our nation. (a) Elderly persons (b) Middle aged persons (c) Childern 2. The in the Constitution provides facilities for the children to develop in a healthy manner (a) Article 39(f) (b) Article 45 (c) Article 25 3. The Government of India introduced the Right to Education on (b) 26th January 1950 (a) 15th August 1947 (c) 1st April 2010 4. The 72nd 73rd Amendment Acts have provided 33% reservations of seats for in the local bodies nmeen (a) teachers (b) women (c) graduates 5. deals with the socio-economic development and empowerment of women through self-help groups. (a) Short Stay Home (b) Swayamsidha (c) Family Counselling Centres 6. No country can make progress until are educated. (a) labourers (b) refugees

7th Social 3 rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English		
More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> (c) women		
7. Prohibition of child labour is d	ealt with by the Article	
(a) 24	(b) 25	
(c) 26		
8. The freedom fighter	demanded the right to education for Indian children.	
(a) Gokhale	(b) Tilak	
(c) Patel		
9. STEP is a programme started to help to get employed.		
(a) women	(b) youth	
(c) adult		
II. Fill in the blanks:		
1. The Juvenile Injustice Art was amended in the year		
Ans: 2000		
2. The Child Line Services aims at helping		
emergency.		
Ans: children		
3. The Child Marriage Restraint A	Act of 1978 has increased the age of marriage of girls	
from 15 yrs to years.		
Ans: 18		

4. Tamil Nadu Legislature passed the prohibition of Eve-Teasing Law in

Ans: 1997

More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8

5. The Family Counselling Centres were started to give for the victims facing social problems.

Ans: counselling

6. Right to Education Act was passed in the year

Ans: 2010

7. Article 23 prohibits the like commodities.

Ans: trade of woman

8. Empowerment of women through Self Help Group is undertaken by

(a) to reduce rate of mortality

(c) rehabilitation of girls

Ans: Swayamsidha

III. Match the following.

- 1.
- 1. Article 45
- 2. ICDS Scheme
- 3. Children's Day
- 4. Dowry Prohibition Act (d) 14th November
- 5. Short Stay Home (e) free and compulsory education

(b) 1961

Ans: 1.(e); 2.(a); 3.(d); 4.(b); 5.(c);

2.

1. Right to Education Act	(a) 1997
2. The National Child Award	(b) 2002
3. The Juvenile Injustice Act	(c) 1996

More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 (d) 2010

4. Prohibition of Eve-Teasing Law

5. Prevention of Harassment of Women (e) 1986

Act

Ans: 1.(d); 2.(c); 3.(e); 4.(a); 5.(b);

Economics

I

	Factors of Production
I. Choose the correct a	nswer:
1. Economics is a	science.
(a) Social	(b) Political
(c) Moral	
2. There are	factors of production.
(a) Two	(b) Four
(c) Five	
3. Labour cannot be sepa	rated from
(a) Labourer	(b) Profit
(c) Capital	
4. In general Capital mea	ins
(a) Buildings	(b) Machinery
(c) Money	
5. An organizer will alwa	ays make
(a) Innovations	(b) Traditions

7th Social 3 rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English			
More Book Back Que (c) Risks	estions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u>		
6. The reward paid to capital is .			
(a) Rent	(b) Wages		
(c) Interest			
7. The reward paid to labour as a	a factor of production is		
(a) Rent	(b) wages		
(c) Profit			
8. Investment in education is call	led capital.		
(a) Physical	(b) Human		
(c) Money			
9. In United States more than	of labour force is tertiary workers.		
(a) 60%	(b) 40%		
(c) 80%			
10. Agriculture is classified under sector. n			
(a) Primary	(b) Secondary		
(c) Tertiary			
11. The Father of Economics is .			
(a) Adam Smith	(b) Robbins		
(c) Rousseau			
12. The National Incomes of adv	vanced countries are at		
(a) high level	(b) medium level		

7th Social 3 rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English		
More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> (c) low level		
13. All the free gifts of nature ar	re termed as	
(a) land	(b) labour	
(c) capital		
14. man can change only the	of land.	
(a) size	(b) uses	
(c) nature		
15. Any work undertaken only for	or is not regarded as labour.	
(a) income	(b) reward	
(c) pleasure		
16. Labour involves	elements.	
(a) human	(b) financial	
(c) climate		
17. Labour is	winmeen	
(a) Perishable	(b) Non perishable	
(c) Ever lasting		
18. Labour is		
(a) Mobile	(b) Immobile	
(c) Stagnant		
19. Efficient labour production.		
(a) increases	(b) decreases	

7th Social 3 rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in Englis	
More Book Bac (c) affects	k Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u>
20. Wealth of Nations was	s written by
(a) Adam Smith	(b) John Smith
(c) Robbins	
21. All capital is	
(a) Wealth	(b) Land
(c) Income	
22. The reward paid to cap	pital is
(a) Interest	(b) Profit
(c) Rent	
23. Investment in	is called human capital.
(a) Education	(b) Buildings
(c) Monetary instruments	
24. Capital is productive b	because it yields an <u>eeen</u>
(a) Interest	(b) Income
(c) Investment	
25. Capital is	
(a) Immobile	(b) Highly mobile
(c) Less mobile	
26. Most products from th	e primary sector are
(a) Finished products	(b) Raw materials

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(c) Natural resources

27. The sector increasingly becoming important is

(a) primary sector (b) secondary sector

(c) tertiary sectors

II. Fill in the blanks.

1. Production means creation of

Ans: Utility

2. means wants satisfying power.

Ans: Utility

3. and are called original factors.

Ans: Land, Labour

4. Capital and Organization are called factors.

Ans: derived

5. is a free gift of nature. nmeen

Ans: Land

6. The concept of Division of labour was introduced by

Ans: Adam Smith

7. is the changing agent of the society.

Ans: An entrepreneur

8. Secondary sector is also called sector.

Ans: manufacturing

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9. Tertiary sector of the economy is the industry.

Ans: service

10. An enquiry into the nature and causes of wealth of nations was written by

Ans: Adam Smith

11. Economics deals with

Ans: social problems

12. In the modern world people want to consume a of goods.

Ans: large number

13. The production of any goods or service inevitably requires all

Ans: four factors inputs

14. The producer combines the factors of production in the

Ans: right proportion

15. Air, sunlight, earth, forest, rivers and minerals are classified as

Ans: land

winmeen

16. Land cannot be by man.

Ans: destroyed

17. Lands differ in

Ans: fertility

18. Land is a factor of production.

Ans: passive

19. Labour may be or

More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> Ans: physical, mental

20. The reward paid to labour as a factor of production is called

Ans: wages

21. Labour is the of capital.

Ans: employer

22. Labour from person to person.

Ans: differs

23. Individual labour has bargaining power.

Ans: weak

24. The concept of Division of Labour was introduced by

Ans: Adam Smith

25. Due to division of labour there is a lot of saving in

Ans: time and tools

26. All wealth is not but all capital is

Ans: capital, wealth

27. Buildings and machines come under

Ans: physical capital

28. Capital lasts

Ans: over time

29. The different factors of production are combined by an

Ans: Entrepreneur

More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u>

30. In the Secondary sector raw materials are converted into or

Ans: finished, semifinished

III. Match the following.

1.

1. Adam Smith	(a) Higher National Income
2. Advanced Countries	(b) Original Factors
3. Utility	(c) Derived Factors
4. Land and Labour	(d) Father of Economics
5. Capital and Organisation	(e) Satisfying power
Ans: 1.(d); 2.(a); 3.(e); 4.(b); 5.((c);
2.	
1. Land	(a) Right man for the right job
2. Labour	(b) Human Capital
3. Division of Labour	(c) Fixed in supply
4. Healthcare	(d) Man made
5. Capital	(e) Inseparable

Ans: 1.(c); 2.(e); 3.(a); 4.(b); 5.(d);

2. Tax And Its Importance

I.Choose the correct answer.

- 1. Tax paid by the companies operating in India is
- (a) Wealth tax (b) corporate tax

7th Social 3 rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English	
More Book Back Qu (c) Gift tax	estions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> (d) Customs tax
2. One pays the tax directly to the government.	
(a) Indirect tax	(b) Sales tax
(c) Direct tax	(d) Service tax
3. Which among the following in an indirect tax?	
(a) Service tax	(b) Income tax
(c) Corporate tax	(d) Gift tax
4. One of the following is direct tax.	
(a) Gift tax	(b) customs tax
(c) Service tax	(d) Sales tax
5. Tax levied on goods produced within the country is	
(a) Sales tax	(b) Service tax
(c) Customs tax	(d) Excise tax
6. In Tamil Nadu we find recorded evidence on taxes in rock edicts.	
(a) Kanchipuram	(b) Sri Perumbudur
(c) Uthiramerur	(d) Thanjavur
2. Charge imposed by the Central Government on the annual gains of a person is called	
tax.	
(a) Service	(b) Income
(c) Gift	(d) Wealth
8. The tax paid on the inherited property left by a dead man is called	

7th Social 3rd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 (a) Estate Duty (b) Direct Tax (c) Indirect tax (d) Sales tax 9. The tax on electricity, water, drainage is known as (a) Corporate tax (b) Customs tax (c) **Property tax** (d) Indirect tax 10. The tax which is not levied directly on the income of the consumer or earner is (a) Property Tax (b) Corporate Tax (c) Gift Tax (d) Indirect Tax II. Fill in the blanks. 1..... is the amount of money paid to the government. Ans: Tax 2. One who earns above tax exemption limit has to pay tax. **Ans: Income** winmeen 3. Tax is levied when movable goods are sold or bought within the country. **Ans: Sales** 4. tax is derived from the Latin word Ans: Taxo 5. Tax has been considered as the of the civilization. **Ans: Building Block** 6. The individual tax prayer directly pays the tax to the

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7. One who earns above the prescribed tax exemption limit has to pay

Ans: Income Tax

8. TDS means

Ans: Tax Deduction at Source

9. VAT means

Ans: Value Added Tax

10. CENVAT means

Ans: Central Value Added Tax /

11. Tax levied by the government on the profit of a company is called

Ans: Corporate Tax

12. The Tax paid on the inherited property left by a dead man is called

Ans: Estate Duty

13. The Finance Act of 1994 categorised the under indirect tax.

Ans: Service Tax