8th Social 2nd	l Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English
More Book	Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> 8th Std – 2nd Term
	History
<b>1. Rule of the</b>	English East India company from A.D. 1773 – A.D. 1857
I. Choose the correc	et answer.
1. Warren Hastings v	vas appointed as the Governor of Bengal in
a. <b>1772</b>	b. 1773
c. 1774	
2. The 1 st Chief Just	tice of British India was
a. Sir Thomas	b. Sir Elijah Impey
c. Sir Morse	
3. Under the Regulat	ing Act, the Supreme Court was set up at
a. Calcutta	b. Madras
c. Bombay	
4 was the s	on of Hyder Ali. Inmeen
a. Dost Ali	b. Mir Qasim
c. Tipu Sultan	
5. The first Governor	General was
a. Clive	b. Warren Hastings
c. Cornwallis	
6. A Board of Reven	ue was setup at
a. Bombay	b. Calcutta

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II. Fill in the blanks.
1. In 1772 a terrible famine affected
Ans: Bengal
2. The British Prime Minister passed the Pitts India Act in 1784.
Ans: William Pitt
3. Warren Hastings put an end to the Dual Government introduced by
Ans: Robert Clive
4. The Second Anglo-Mysore War came to an end by the Treaty of
Ans: Mangalore
5. In A.D. 1773, the British Parliament passed the
Ans: Regulating Act
6. Governor General's Executive council consisted of
Ans: four members winmeen
7. The Supreme Court was established at
Ans: Calcutta
8. The first Chief Justice of the Supreme Court was
Ans: Sir Elijah Impey
9. To remove the defects of the Regulating Act, the was passed in A.D.1784
Ans: Pitt's India Act

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#### 1.

1. Nawab of Oudh a. Civil Court b. Ruler of Benares 2. Hyder Ali 3. Sadar Diwani Adalat c. Ruler of Mysore 4. Raja Chait Singh d. Shuja-ud-daulah Ans: 1-d,2-c,3-a,4-b 2. a. First Governor General 1. Regulating Act 2. Warren Hastings b. Calcutta c. First Chief Justice 3. Supreme Court d. Landmark in Constitutional Development 4. Sir Elijah Impey Ans: 1-d,2-a,3-b,4-c winmeen 3. a. Six members 1. William Pitt, The Younger 2. Board of Control b. Control over company 3. Commander in chief c. Pitts India Act 4. British Government d. Governor General

Ans: 1-c,2-a,3-d,4-b

#### 4.

1. Custom House

a. Calcutta

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the English

- 2. Sadar Nizamat Adalat b. Islamic Studies
- 3. Board of Revenue c. Dacca
- 4. Calcutta Madarasa d. Criminal Court

#### Ans: 1-c,2-d,3-a,4-b

#### 5.

1. Treaty of Mangalore	a. Benares
2. Treaty of Salbai	b. Impeached
3. Raja Chait Singh	c. Tipu Sultan and the E
4. Warren Hastings	d. British and Marathas

#### Ans: 1-c,2-d,3-a,4-b

#### IV. Answer in a word.

1. Name the Act passed by the British Parliament in 1773.

Ans: Regulating Act

2. Which Act removed the defects of the Regulating Act?

Ans: Pitt's India Act

3. What was set up to buy quality goods for the company?

#### Ans: A Board of Trade

- 4. What was the first landmark in the constitutional development of India?
- Ans: Passing of the Regulating Act
- 5. Who was the first Governor General of British India?

Ans: Warren Hastings

More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> 6. Who was the first Chief Justice of the Supreme Court?

Ans: Sir Elijah Impey

7. Which Act helped the British government to have control over the company affairs?

Ans: Pitts India Act

### 2. Lord Cornwallis (A.D. 1786 – A.D. 1793)

#### I. Choose the correct answer.

1. Lord Cornwallis became the Governor General of Bengal in \_\_\_\_\_

a. **A.D. 1786** 

b. A.D. 1787

c. A.D. 1788

2. During the Third Anglo-Mysore War, Tipu attacked \_\_\_\_\_\_ a Hindu State in South India.

a. Oudh

b. Travancore

c. Carnatic

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is called the Father of Indian Civil Service.

a. John Shore b. Cornwallis

c. Wellesley

4. The Fourth Anglo Mysore war fought in \_\_\_\_\_

- a. 1789 b. **1799**
- c. 1779

5. The worst affected people under the permanent revenue settlement were the\_\_\_\_\_

a. **Cultivators** b. Zan

b. Zamindars

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More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> c. Indians			
6. Cornwallis reserved all high posts for the			
a. <b>English</b> b. Educa	ited		
c. Indians			
7. The title 'Tiger of Mysore' was g	iven to		
a. Hyder Ali <b>b. Tipu Sultan</b>			
c. Raja Krishna			
8. Subsidiary Alliance was introduce	ed by		
a. Wellesley b. Cornwallis			
c. George Barlow			
9. The first to enter into Subsidiary	Alliance was		
a. Nizam of Hyderabad b. Tipu Sultan			
c. Marathas			
II. Match the following winmeen			
1. Permanent Revenue Settlement	a. Lord Wellesley		
2. Subsidiary Alliance	b. Treaty of Seringapatnam		
3. Sir John Shore	c. Lord Cornwallis		
4. Third Anglo Mysore War	d. Non-intervention		
Ans: 1-c,2-a,3-d,4-b			
2.			
1. Permanent Revenue Settlement	a. Owners of lands		

## 8th Social 2nd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 2. Zamindars b. East India Company 3. Stable Income c. Ten years 4. Cultivators d. Worst affected Ans: 1-c,2-a,3-b,4-d 3. 1. Civil Service System a. For the British 2. High posts b. On the basis of merit 3. Promotions c. For the Indians d. Better Administration 4. Subordinate post Ans: 1-d,2-a,3-b,4-c 4. 1. Cornwallis a. Thanas 2. Commissioner of Police b. Daroga c. Calcutta Inmeen 3. Districts d. Created a permanent Police force 4. Thana Ans: 1-d,2-c,3-a,4-b **III.** Fill in the blanks. 1. The permanent land revenue settlement was introduced in \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: A.D 1793 2. \_\_\_\_\_ created a permanent police force in India. Ans: Cornwallis

# 8th Social 2nd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 3. A new code of regulations known as Cornwallis code was compiled by \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: George Barlow 4. Lord Wellesley became the Governor – General in \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: 1796 5. One of the major reforms of Cornwallis was \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: Permanent Revenue Settlement 6. Cornwallis reorganized the \_\_\_\_\_\_ department. Ans: Revenue 7. The emblem was sculptured on Tipu's throne. Ans: Tiger 8. The Peshwa \_\_\_\_\_\_ accepted the Subsidiary Alliance. Ans: Baji Rao II IV. Answer in a word. 1. Who were the worst affected by the 'Permanent Settlement'? Ans: Cultivators 2. What policy did Wellesley follow? Ans: Policy of expansion 3. Who was the first Indian ruler to join the subsidiary alliance? Ans: The Nizam of Hyderabad 4. What was the major reform introduced by Cornwallis? Ans: Permanent Revenue Settlement

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5. When was the Permanent Revenue Settlement introduced ?

Ans: A.D. 1793

6. What was established to supervise the work of the collectors?

Ans: A Board of Revenue

7. How did Wellesley bring the princely states under the control of the British?

Ans: Through Subsidiary Alliance

8. Where was Tipu's family sent?

Ans: To Vellore fort

9. Who made the English East India Company as a Strong political power in India?

Ans: Wellesley

## 3. Marquess of Hastings (A.D. 1813 – A.D. 1823)

#### I. Choose the correct answer.

1. Lord Hastings completed the work started by Lord \_

a. Warren Hastings

b. Wellesley

c. Minto I

2. The Charter Act was passed in \_\_\_\_\_

a. **1813** b. 1814

c. 1815

3. The fourth Anglo-Maratha war began in \_\_\_\_\_

a. **1817** b. 1718

c. 1870

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More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> 4. The system of revenue was introduced during the period of Lord Hastings.			
a. Mahalwari b. <b>Ryotwari</b>			
c. Permanent			
5. The Charter Act of A.D. 1813 deprived the company of its to trade with India.			
a. monopoly b. an investment			
c. an entry			
6. Amarsingh was the leader of the			
a. Gurkhas b. Marathas			
c. Pindaris			
7. Bengal Tenancy Act was passed to protect the			
a. Zamindars b. Tenants			
c. British			
8. A college was opened in A.D. 1817 in Calcutta for the development of			
language.			
a. English b. Latin			
c. Sanskrit			
9. Samachar Patrika was a newspaper.			
a. English b. <b>Vernacular</b>			
c. Tamil			
II. Fill in the blanks.			
1. The Bengal Tenancy Act was passed by			

## 8th Social 2nd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - <a href="https://goo.gl/rSCNT8">https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</a> Ans: Hastings 2. The war between the Gurkhas and the English came to an end by the Treaty of Ans: Sagauli 3. Charter Act of 1813 allowed the missionaries to popularize \_\_\_\_\_\_ in India. Ans: Christianity 4. The Gurkhas were the inhabitants of \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: Nepal 5. Hastings became the Governor General in Ans: 1813 6. Hastings made the English in India. Ans: the paramount power 7. Satara was given to one of the descendants of Ans: Shivaji winmeen 8. The first vernacular newspaper was \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: Samachar Patrika **III.** Match the following 1. 1. Amar singh a. Pindari leader 2. Marquess of Hatings b. Capital of Nepal 3. Amir khan c. Gurkha leader

## 8th Social 2nd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 4. Kathmandu d. Governor General Ans: 1-c,2-d,3-a,4-b 2. 1. Development of Education a. Preached Christianity 2. Missionaries b. During the time of Hastings 3. Monopoly Trade c. One lakh rupees 4. Charter Act of A.D. 1813 d. Came o an end Ans: 1-c,2-a,3-d,4-b 3. a. One of the leaders of Pindaris 1. Amar Singh b. Attacked the British Residency 2. Karim khan 3. Pindaris c. Gurkha leader d. Central India 4. Baji Rao II winmeen Ans: 1-c,2-a,3-d,4-b 4. 1. Pratab Singh a. Development of English Language 2. College at Calcutta b. Madras Presidency 3. Vernacular newspaper c. Satara 4. Ryotwari System d. Samachar Patrika Ans: 1-c,2-a,3-d,4-b IV. Answer in a word.

More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> 1. To whom the state of Satara was given?

Ans: Pratab Singh

2. Name the first vemacular newspaper published during the time of Lord Hastings.

Ans: Samachar Patrika

3. What was the company deprived of by the Charter Act of A.D. 1813?

Ans: Monopoly trade

4. What was the amount allotted for the development of education in India by the Charter Act of 1813?

Ans: One lakh of rupees Geography 1. Primary Activity -II Agriculture I. Fill in the blanks 1. Agriculture is a \_\_\_\_\_ activity.Winmeen Ans: Primary 2. Crops can be broadly divided into food and \_\_\_\_\_ crops. Ans: cash 3. In \_\_\_\_\_\_ irrigation water is delivered to the roots of the plant. Ans: Drip 4. Climatic factors like \_\_\_\_\_ and rainfall affect agriculture. Ans: Temperature

## 8th Social 2nd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 5. Raising only crop at a time in a field is called \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: Uni or mono cropping 6. The earliest human civilizations developed in large \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: river valleys 7. Carrot is a \_\_\_\_\_ crop. Ans: temperate 3. The must intensively cultivated areas of the world are \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: lowlands 9. Simple subsistence Agriculture is known as Ans: Shifting agriculture 10. Commercial farming is called Ans: extensive farming 11. Tea, coffee and rubber are crops. winmeen Ans: plantation **II.** Choose the correct answer 1. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ are best suited for agriculture. a. Plateaus b. Plains c. Mountains 2. In \_\_\_\_\_\_ farming, crops are raised on a large scale. a. Subsistence b. Shifting

8th Social 2nd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English				
More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> c. Commercial				
3. Shifting agriculture in Brazil i	s known as			
a. Jhum	b. Roco			
c. Plantation				
4. Rice is a crop.				
a. Temperate	b. Cash			
c. Tropical				
5. Where rainfall is inadequate _	is necessary.			
a. Irrigation	b. Wells			
c. Mono crop				
6. Harappa civilization was exca	vated in the valley.			
a. Nile	b. Indus			
c. Euphrates				
7. Wheat is a crop.	winmeen			
a. <b>temperate</b>	b. tropical			
c. plantation				
8. Milpa means in Cent	ral America.			
a. Shifting agriculture	b. Plantation agriculture			
c. Commercial agriculture				
III. Match the following				
1.				

## 8th Social 2nd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 1. Subsistence agriculture a. Hill slopes 2. Nile valley civilization b. Central pivot irrigation 3. Commercial agriculture c. Egypt 4. Circular fields d. Crops for sale 5. Tea e. Small land holdings Ans: 1-e,2-c,3-d,4-b,5-a 2. 1. Alluvial soils a. India b. very large farms 2. Poda c. Argentina 3. Milpa d. very fertile 4. Commercial Farming 5. Plantation e. Central America Ans: 1-d,2-a,3-e,4-c,5-b 2. Primary Activity

## Crops

### I. Fill in the blanks

1. \_\_\_\_\_ form the basic diet of mankind.

Ans: Cereals

2. The world's best \_\_\_\_\_ comes from the temperate grasslands.

Ans: Wheat

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More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> 3. Maharashtra, Gujarat and Tamil Nadu are important producing states in India.
Ans: cotton
4. Rice is a crop.
Ans: tropical
5. The most important staple food for a large part of human population especially in Asia is
Ans: Rice
6. Wheat requires conditions in the early stages of growth.
Ans: warm and moist
7. Flax is a crop.
Ans: fibre
8. Tea is a crop.
Ans: Plantation winmeen
II. Choose the correct answer
1. Asia accounts for of the world's rice production.
a. <b>98%</b> b. 80 %
c. 75 %
2. In India, U.p, Punjab and Haryana are the major producing states.
a. Rice b. Sugarcane
c. Wheat
3. Tea is a shrub.

8th Social 2nd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English				
More Book Back Questions Check here - <a href="https://goo.gl/rSCNT8">https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</a> a. Temperateb. Tropical				
c. Equatorial				
4. Cotton grows well in	soil.			
a. <b>Black</b> b. C	Clay			
c. Red				
5. India and Bangladesh are the	e leading producers of			
a. Cotton	b. Jute			
c. Wheat				
6. For rice cultivation the suita	ble soil is			
a. Alluvial soil	b. black soil			
c. red soil				
7. The largest producer of rice	is			
a. <b>Asia</b> b. H	Europe			
c. America	winmeen			
8. Ginning is the term involved in the process of				
a. <b>Cotton</b> b. j	ute			
c. tea				
9. Tea is grown on the				
a. windward slopes	b. leeward side			
c. plain				
III. Match the following				

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#### 1.

- 1.Ginning a. Wheat
- 2. Retting b. Sugarcane
- 3. Loamy Soil c. Cotton
- 4. Alluvial soil d. Jute
- 5. Tall tropical grass e. Rice

#### Ans: 1-c,2-d,3-a,4-e,5-b

#### 2.

Asia
 Jute
 Wheat
 Tea
 India
 open undulating topography
 Latin America
 Rice
 Assam
 Sugarcane
 Ans: 1-d,2-c,3-a,4-e,5-b

3. Secondary Activity –I

## Industries

#### I. Fill in the blanks.

1. We cannot consume resources in their \_\_\_\_\_ form.

Ans: original

2. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ factors determine the location of industries.

Ans: Geographical and Human

# 8th Social 2nd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 3. Industries using bulky raw materials are located near Ans: raw materials 4. Industries use percent of the world's available commercial energy. Ans: 70 5. Industries manufacturing fragile goods are located near \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: market 6. The national resources can be better utilized only when they are \_\_\_\_\_ Ans: processed 7. The first fuel that launched the Industrial Revolution was Ans: coal 8. Industries require a lot of cheap Ans: labour II. Choose the correct answer. winmeen 1. \_\_\_\_\_ are fragile goods. a. Glass items b. Vegetables c. Cars 2. The fuel that launched the Industrial Revolution is \_\_\_\_\_ a. Oil b. Iron c. Coal 3. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ is generally located near the coal mines. a. aluminium industry b. iron and steel industry

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- c. ship building industry
- 4. Diamond cutting requires \_\_\_\_\_ labour.
- a. skilled b. unskilled
- c. semi-skilled
- 5. Raw materials are converted into usable products with the help of\_\_\_\_\_
- a. money b. lands
- c. machines
- 6. The economic strength of a country is measured in terms of \_\_\_\_\_
- a. farm land
- b. industries

a. semi-skilled labour

b. market oriented

c. Industrial Revolution

c. population

#### III. Match the following

- 1.
- 1. Mass production of goods
- 2. Iron and steel industry
- 3. Jharia
- 4. Packaging industry d. coal mine
- 5. Assembling industry e. raw materials
- Ans: 1-c,2-e,3-d,4-a,5-b
- 2.
- 1. Ship building a. cheap labour force
- 2. China b. money

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- 3. Hydroelectric power c. coal
- 4. Capital d. Secondary activity
- 5. Thermal power e. water

Ans: 1-d,2-a,3-e,4-b,5-c

### 4. Secondary Activity –II

## **Types of Industries**

#### I. Fill in the blanks

1. \_\_\_\_\_ industries are located anywhere because their raw materials are very light.

winmeen

Ans: Light

2. Automobile industry is an \_\_\_\_\_ industry.

Ans: Assembling

3.	 industry	is	located	near	the	market	•

Ans: Market oriented

4. Handloom industry is an example of \_\_\_\_\_ industry.

Ans: cottage

5. Processing industries convert raw materials into \_\_\_\_\_ products.

Ans: semi-finished

#### II. Choose the correct answer

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is an example of private sector.

a. Reliance b. BHEL

## 8th Social 2nd Term Book Back Questions With Answers in English More Book Back Questions Check here - https://goo.gl/rSCNT8 c.BSNL 2. Large scale industries require \_\_\_\_\_ investment. a. huge b. medium c. less 3. Furniture industry is \_\_\_\_\_ based industry. a. forest b. agro c. mineral 4. Cotton textile industry is a \_\_\_\_\_ industry. b. assembling a. cottage c. agro-based 5. Sugar industry is a \_\_\_\_\_ oriented industry. a. raw material b. footloose c. market 6. Milk and milk products of Dairy industry is a <u>en</u> industry. a. market oriented b. mineral based c. forest based 7. Electronic industry is a \_\_\_\_\_ industry. b. medium scale a. small scale c. large scale 8. Ginning industry is a \_\_\_\_\_ industry. b. assembling a. manufacturing

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9. UNO emphasized the _	of all the human beings.			
a. <b>individuality</b>	b. equality			
c. identity				
10. In 1993 the World Co	nference on Human Rights was held at			
a. Paris	b. Berlin			
c. Vienna				
11. The International Wor	men's Day is celebrated on			
a. March 8	b. May 10			
c. April 4				
12. The UNO declared 19	79 as the International year of			
a. girlchild	b. children			
c. women				
II. Fill in the blanks	winmeen			
1. Paper industry gets its raw materials from the				
Ans: forests				
2. Jute is an industry.				
Ans: agro-based				
3. Pottery comes under				
Ans: cottage industry				
3. Public sector industries are owned by the				

More Book Back Questions Check here - <u>https://goo.gl/rSCNT8</u> Ans: government

5. Reliance is a \_\_\_\_\_ industry.

Ans: private sector

6. Human Rights are the basic Rights which shape the all round development of each

Ans: Individual

7. 10 December is observed as the \_\_\_\_\_

Ans: Human Rights Day

8. State Human Rights Commission is located in \_\_\_\_\_\_ in Tamil nadu.

Ans: Chennai

9. Article 24 of our Constitution for prohibition of

Ans: child labour

#### **II. Match the following**

1.

winmeen

- 1. Ginning a. iron industry
- 2. Tanning b. heavy industry
- 3. Smelting c. cotton industry
- 4. Capital d. handloom industry
- 5. Weaving e. leather industry

#### Ans: 1-c,2-e,3-a,4-b,5-d

2.

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b. Civil Right

d. Delhi

winmeen

c. Socio-Economic right

Furniture making
 a. Mineral based industry
 Cotton Textile
 b. Medium scale industry
 Iron and Steel
 c. Forest based industry
 Electronic industry
 Cottage industry
 Mat weaving
 e. Agro based industry

Ans: 1-c,2-e,3-a,4-b.5-d

#### 2.

1. National Human Rights Commission a. Chennai

- 2. State Human Rights Commission
- 3. The Right to own property
- 4. Right to work

#### Ans: 1-d,2-a,3-b,4-c