Geography Model Test Questions 5 in English With Answers

1. Toda is tribal that mostly lives in
   (A) Aravalli hills          (B) Madhya Pradesh
   (C) Nilgiri hills          (D) Vindhya mountain

2. The multipurpose project on the river Sutlej is
   (A) Hirakud                (B) Tungabhadra
   (C) Bhakra Nangal          (D) Ramganga

3. Which of the following rivers does not pass through Himachal Pradesh?
   (A) Beas                    (B) Jhelam
   (C) Ravi                    (D) Sutlej

4. Among the countries of the world, India’s place in terms of area is
   (A) 4th                     (B) 8th
   (C) 5th                     (D) 7th

5. The waterfall which attracts tourists in Tamil Nadu is
   (A) Suruli                  (B) Kutralam
   (C) Hogenekal               (D) Pykara

6. The Indo – Gangetic plain has high density of population because of its
   (A) favourable climate      (B) good transport network
   (C) fertile soil            (D) closeness to the Himalayas

7. Most of the cyclones that form during October & November in India originate in
   (A) Southern hemisphere ocean  (B) Arabian sea
   (C) Southwest Bay of Bengal   (D) Southeast Bay of Bengal

8. Where is the Central Rice Research Institute located?
   (A) Tamil Nadu               (B) Orissa
   (C) Assam                    (D) West Bengal

9. In which part of India is Dandakaranya forest located?
   (A) Central India            (B) South India
   (C) Eastern side             (D) North west

10. Which of the following is the joint venture of Tamil Nadu and Kerala?
    (A) Parambikulam – Aliyar   (B) Tehri Dam
        (C) Thein Dam            (D) Rajghat Dam

11. The state with the lowest population in India is
(A) Sikkim  (B) Arunachal Pradesh  (C) Goa  (D) Meghalaya

12. The port that is located at Dolphin’s nose is
   (A) Paradip  (B) Kandla  (C) Tuticorin  (D) Vishakhapatnam

13. Neyveli is situated in which place in Tamil Nadu
   (A) North Arcot  (B) South Arcot  (C) Salem  (D) Kancheepuram

14. Census operation takes place once in every
   (A) 20 years  (B) 5 years  (C) 7 years  (D) 10 years

15. The forest at Rameswaram is
   (A) Deciduous forest  (B) Rain forest  (C) Evergreen forest  (D) Mangrove forest

16. The industry that uses mica as a raw material is
   (A) Steel industry  (B) Pottery industry  (C) Electrical industry  (D) Toy industry

17. The place Anand is associated with
   (A) Brewery  (B) Piggery  (C) Dairy  (D) Poultry

18. Hindustan photo films manufacturing factory is in
   (A) Kodaikanal  (B) Patna  (C) Nagpur  (D) None of these

19. Which one of the following is a non-renewable source of energy?
   (A) Wind  (B) Tidal Wave  (C) Kerosene  (D) Gravitational energy

20. Which one of the following is correctly matched?
   (A) Central food and Technological Research institute - Cochin (Kerala)
   (B) Central marine fisheries Research institute - Adyar (Tamil Nadu)
   (C) Central leather Research institute - Mysore (Karnataka)
   (D) Central Lac Research institute - Ranchi (Bihar)

21. Which one of the India states has the maximum number of common borders with other Indian states?
   (A) West Bengal  (B) Madhya Pradesh  (C) Uttar Pradesh  (D) Karnataka

22. The famous Kashmir valley is lying between
(A) Pirpanjal and easterly range of Himadri

(B) Pirpanjal and westerly range of Himadri

(C) Karakoram range and Himadri

(D) Dhang range and Siwalik

23. Where do you find very less winter temperature?

(A) Leh

(B) Chitradurg

(C) Patna

(D) Ongole

24. Himalayas rivers are perennial because

(A) South – west monsoon gives rainfall

(B) North – east monsoon gives rainfall

(C) melting of snow resulting in the flow of water

(D) get rainfall throughout the year

25. The region which receives rainfall during north – east monsoon is

(A) Malabar Coast

(B) Konkan Coast

(C) Chola mandalam Coast

(D) Circar Coast

26. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): Tea and coffee are both grown in the Nilgiri hills

Reason (R): Both crops need similar conditions for growth

Now select your answer according to the coding scheme given below:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false

(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

27. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): The same type of parent material produces different types of soil in the

Reason (R): Black soil does not retain moisture.

Now select your answer according to the coding scheme given below:
28. Which of the following is the highly priced timber in India?
   (A) Teak  (B) Sal  (C) Sandal wood  (D) Rose wood

29. Consider the following statements:
   Assertion (A): The same type of parent material produces different types of soil in the area of different climate.
   Reason (R): Climate plays an important role in soil formation.
   Now select your answer according to the coding scheme given below:
   (A) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
   (B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
   (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
   (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

30. Consider the following statements:
   Assertion (A): The population of India has increased rapidly since 1921.
   Reason (R): In India, the birth rate has declined more rapidly than the death rate since 1921.
   Now select your answer according to the coding scheme given below:
   (A) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
   (B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
   (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
   (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

31. Which one of the following indicates the Indian states in the descending order of population?
   (A) Madhya Pradesh, Bihar, Uttar Pradesh
(B) Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh

(C) Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Maharashtra

(D) Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar

32. Match list I correctly with list II and select your answer using the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List – I</th>
<th>List – II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Neppanagar</td>
<td>1. Diesel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Varanasi</td>
<td>2. Aircraft Industry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Nasik</td>
<td>3. Newsprint</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Kalamassery</td>
<td>4. Machine tool industry</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(A) 3 1 2 4

(B) 3 1 4 2

(C) 3 2 4 1

(D) 4 1 2 3

33. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): The most important iron-ore fields are confined to Bihar

Reason (R): Bihar is the richest mineral producing state of India

Now select your answer according to the coding scheme given below:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false

(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

34. Match list I correctly with list II and select your answer using the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List – I</th>
<th>List – II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Jewel of India</td>
<td>1. Manipur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Garden city</td>
<td>2. Bangalore</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(c) Land of five rivers  3. Punjab  
(d) Botanists paradise  4. Sikkim

Codes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a</th>
<th>b</th>
<th>c</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(A)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(B)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(D)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

35. N.H 47 connects
(A) Kanyakumari with Delhi  (B) Kanyakumari with Salem
(C) Chennai with Dindigul  (D) Mumbai with Delhi

36. Arrange the cities in descending order of population according to the 1991 census.
(A) Chennai, New Delhi, Kolkata, Mumbai
(B) Mumbai, Kolkata, New Delhi, Chennai
(C) Kolkata, Mumbai, New Delhi, Chennai
(D) New Delhi, Kolkata, Mumbai, Chennai

37. Match list I correctly with list II and select your answer using the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List – I (Dam)</th>
<th>List – II (River)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Nagarjuna</td>
<td>1. Chambal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sagar</td>
<td>(b) Hirakud</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Chenab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Salai</td>
<td>3. Krishna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Gandhi</td>
<td>4. Mahanadi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sagar</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a</th>
<th>b</th>
<th>c</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(A)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(B)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
38. The source of water for the steel plant at Jamshedpur is
   (A) Sutlej   (B) Damodhar   (C) Subarnarekha   (D) Sone

39. Which of the pairs are correctly matched?
   I. Narmada – Jabalpur      II. Godavari – Nasik
   II. Mahanadi – Cuttack     IV. Amaravathi – Tamilnadu
   (A) I and II     (B) I,II,III and IV     (C) I and III        (D) III and IV

40. The number of union territories are
   (A) 7     (B) 8     (C) 10     (D) 9

41. The Uttarakhand region consists of parts from
   (A) Bihar   (B) Uttar Pradesh   (C) Maharashtra   (D) Madhyapradhesh

42. Match List I Correctly with List II and select your answer using the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List – I</th>
<th>List – II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) Land of Rising Sun</td>
<td>1. Korea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Land of Midnight sun</td>
<td>2. Finland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) Land of thousand lakes</td>
<td>3. Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) Land of Thunder bolt</td>
<td>4. Norway</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Bhutan</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   Codes:
   (A) 2 4 1 5
   (B) 3 4 2 5
   (C) 1 3 2 4
   (D) 3 1 4 2

43. There is a bird sanctuary in
   (A) Kodaikanal   (B) Red Hills   (C) Mudumalai   (D) Vedanthangal

44. The Indian National calendar is called
45. The equatorial diameter of the earth is
   (A) 10784 kms  (B) 12754 kms  (C) 13864 kms  (D) 13996 kms

46. India’s population is next only to
   (A) USA  (B) Russia  (C) Australia  (D) China

47. Identify the item which is not correctly matched?
   (A) Hosur – Rose Flowers  (B) Ariyalur – Cement  
   (C) Tiruppur – Knitting  (D) Perambur – Fertiliser

48. The first census was taken in the year
   (A) 1852  (B) 1863  (C) 1872  (D) 1882

49. The percentage of forest area in the total geographical area of India is
   (A) 18%  (B) 23%  (C) 33%  (D) 35%

50. The place that records highest rainfall in India is
   (A) Mausinram  (B) Cherrapunji  (C) Augumbe  (D) Meghalaya

51. Pedology is the study of
   (A) Climate  (B) Rocks  (C) Earthquakes  (D) Soil

52. The time taken by the earth to complete one revolution round the sun is
   (A) 365 Days 5 hrs. 48’ 45.5”  (B) 366 days 3 hrs. 50’ 50”
   (C) 366 days 0 hrs. 0’ 0”  (D) 366 days 5 hrs. 50’ 45”

53. The largest forest cover is in the state of
   (A) Orissa  (B) Uttar Pradesh  (C) Arunachal Pradesh  (D) Madhya Pradesh

54. The dispute between Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh relates to
   (A) Bhakra Dam  (B) Hirakud Dam  (C) Rihand Dam  (D) Alamatti Dam

55. Which one of the following is correctly matched?
   (A) Koyali – Gujarat  (B) Barauni – Uttar Pradesh
   (C) Digboi – Bihar  (D) Mathura – West Bengal
56. Bauxite is largely produced in this state of India
   (A) Andhra Pradesh  (B) Bihar  (C) Punjab  (D) Tamil Nadu

57. Sugarcane is largely cultivated in this district in Karnataka
   (A) Bellary  (B) Mandya  (C) Mysore  (D) Dharwar

58. Mudumalai sanctuary is famous for
   (A) Tigers  (B) Elephants  (C) Lions  (D) Birds

59. Nearly ------------ percent of the people in India depends on agriculture either directly or indirectly for their living
   (A) 70%  (B) 80%  (C) 10%  (D) 25%
   Note: 65-70% (2007-2008)

60. What we find in Tamil Nadu is
   (A) Laterite Soil  (B) Alluvial Soil  (C) Red Soil  (D) Black Soil

61. Which state of India has the largest number of cotton textile mills?
   (A) Maharashtra  (B) Gujarat  (C) Tamil Nadu  (D) Madhya Pradesh

62. The Literacy rate as per 1991 census in India was
   (A) 52%  (B) 75%  (C) 60%  (D) 40%
   Note: 64.8% in 2001

63. Which of the following positions is occupied by the Indian railways in the world?
   (A) Fourth  (B) Second  (D) Third  (D) First
   Note: Fifth Largest

64. Coniferae refer to
   (A) Trees with small leaves  (B) Forest in Africa
      (C) Poisonous Plants  (D) Animals

65. Galaxies refer to
   (A) Congregation of satellites  (B) Congregation of Stars
      (C) An area in the moon  (D) An area in the sun
66. Bharat Heavy Electrical Limited in Trichy belongs to
   (A) Public Sector  (B) Private Sector
   (C) Cooperative Sector  (D) Joint Sector

67. Kanchipuram is famous for
   (A) Cotton Sarees  (B) Silk Sarees
   (C) Suitings  (D) Jute

68. Lignite is associated with
   (A) Jaipur  (B) Salem  (C) Neyveli  (D) Kanpur

69. “Eiffel Tower” is in
   (A) New York  (B) Paris  (C) London  (D) Germany

70. Charminar express runs between
   (A) Chennai and Delhi  (B) Chennai and Ahmedabad
   (C) Chennai and Hyderabad  (D) Chennai and Jaipur

71. Tombs of Egypt are called
   (A) Towers  (B) Godowns  (C) Pyramids  (D) Memorials

72. Capital of Bihar state is
   (A) Pataliputra  (B) Panipat  (C) Patna  (D) Gandhinagar

73. The state in which more sandal wood trees are present (in India) is
   (A) Kerala  (B) Karnataka  (C) Kashmir  (D) Assam

74. Match list I correctly with list II and select your answer using the codes given below:
   
   List - I  
   (a) Lignite  
   (b) Iron ore  
   (c) Aluminium Bauxite  
   (d) Gypsum
   
   List – II 
   1. Perambalur  
   2. Neyveli  
   3. Salem  
   4. Kolli bills

   Codes: 
   a  b  c  d
75. Which state of India has the largest number of cotton textile mills?
(A) Maharashtra  (B) Gujarat  (C) Tamil Nadu  (D) Madhya Pradesh

76. Manganese is chiefly found in
(A) Bihar  (B) Maharashtra  (C) Orissa  (D) Tamil Nadu

77. Which of the following states has low rate of population growth?
(A) Tamil Nadu  (B) Kerala  (C) Rajasthan  (D) Mizoram

78. Khetri in Rajasthan is famous for mining.
(A) Copper  (B) Marble  (C) Manganese  (D) Coal

79. Visweswariah iron and steel works is located at
(A) Burnpur  (B) Bhadravati  (C) Rourkela  (D) Jamshedpur

80. Jharia coal fields are located in
(A) Bihar  (B) Madhya Pradesh  (C) Orissa  (D) West Bengal

Note: Now Jharkhand

81. The circular line where the earth and the sky meet is
(A) Horizon  (B) Sea  (C) North Pole  (D) South Pole

82. A shining celestial body with a long tail is known as
(A) Comet  (B) Sun  (C) Moon  (D) Polestar

83. Silent valley is situated in the state of
(A) Tamil Nadu  (B) Karnataka  (C) Kerala  (D) Punjab

84. Auroville is situated in
(A) Goa  (B) Diu  (C) Manila  (D) Pondicherry

85. “India Gate” is in
(A) Delhi  (B) Hyderabad  (C) Mumbai  (D) Kolkata

Note: “Gate way of India” – Mumbai

86. The town situated at the mouth of Tapti is

(A) Surat  (B) Broach  (C) Masulipatnam  (D) Kandla

87. The Peninsular rivers have their source in

(A) Western Ghats  (B) Easter Ghats
(C) Vindhya – Satpura Ranges  (D) Siwalik Hills

88. The smallest district in area in Tamil Nadu is

(A) Chennai  (B) Kanyakumari  (C) Tiruchirapalli  (D) Madurai

89. The region on the southern side of the Siwalik hills is called the

(A) Dunes  (B) Bhabhar  (C) Terai  (D) Khadar

90. When is temperature the highest in south India?

(A) April  (B) June  (C) July  (D) August

91. The soil best suited for rice cultivation is

(A) Red Soil  (B) Black Cotton Soil  (C) Alluvial Soil  (D) Sandy Soil

92. The outer Himalayas are also known as

(A) Dun hills  (B) Siwalik range  (C) Pir panjal range  (D) Kumaon range

93. Which of the following is correctly matched?

(A) Nagarjuna Sagar – Krishna river  (B) Hirakud – Godavari river
(C) Bhakra Nangal – Bhakra  (D) Damodar valley project – Indus river

94. The southern most point of India is

(A) Cape Comorin  (B) Point Calimere
(C) Indira Point in Nicobar Islands  (D) None of the above

95. Rourkela steel plant was established with the collaboration of

(A) The United States  (B) West Germany
(C) France  (D) Great Britain
96. In India most of the rainfall occurs during
   (A) winter season (B) North – east monsoon season
   (C) South – west monsoon season (D) Summer season

97. Thalayuthu is famous for
   (A) Cotton Bengal (B) Cement (C) Bihar (D) Sugar

98. Locomotive industry is located in the state of
   (A) West Bengal (B) Orissa (C) Bihar (D) Madhya Pradesh

99. The state that has the largest area is
   (A) Uttar Pradesh (B) Maharastra (C) Rajasthan (D) Madhya Pradesh
   Note: Currently Rajasthan is the biggest state.

100. Periyar reservoir provides irrigation facilities to
   (A) Madurai District (B) Trichy District
       (C) Periyar District (D) Salem District