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Sl. No.:	The state of the s
	Maria Tarana

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Register Number							

2018

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (Degree Standard)

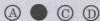
Time	All	ow	ed	:	3	Hours	
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[Maximum Marks: 300

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The applicant will be supplied with Question Booklet 15 minutes before commencement of the examination.
- 2. This Question Booklet contains 200 questions. Prior to attempting to answer the candidates are requested to check whether all the questions are there in series and ensure there are no blank pages in the question booklet. In case any defect in the Question Paper is noticed it shall be reported to the Invigilator within first 10 minutes and get it replaced with a complete Question Booklet. If any defect is noticed in the Question Booklet after the commencement of examination it will not be replaced.
- 3. Answer all questions. All questions carry equal marks.
- 4. You must write your Register Number in the space provided on the top right side of this page. Do not write anything else on the Question Booklet.
- 5. An answer sheet will be supplied to you, separately by the Room Invigilator to mark the answers.
- 6. You will also encode your Question Booklet Number with Blue or Black ink Ball point pen in the space provided on the side 2 of the Answer Sheet. If you do not encode properly or fail to encode the above information, action will be taken as per commission's notification.
- 7. Each question comprises four responses (A), (B), (C) and (D). You are to select ONLY ONE correct response and mark in your Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there are more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each question. Your total marks will depend on the number of correct responses marked by you in the Answer Sheet.
- 8. In the Answer Sheet there are four circles (A), (B), (C) and (D) against each question. To answer the questions you are to mark with Blue or Black ink Ball point pen ONLY ONE circle of your choice for each question. Select one response for each question in the Question Booklet and mark in the Answer Sheet. If you mark more than one answer for one question, the answer will be treated as wrong. e.g. If for any item, (B) is the correct answer, you have to mark as follows:



- 9. You should not remove or tear off any sheet from this Question Booklet. You are not allowed to take this Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet out of the Examination Hall during the time of examination. After the examination is concluded, you must hand over your Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. You are allowed to take the Question Booklet with you only after the Examination is over.
- 10. The sheet before the last page of the Question Booklet can be used for Rough Work.
- 11. Do not tick-mark or mark the answers in the Question Booklet.
- 12. Applicants have to write and shade the total number of answer fields left blank on the boxes provided at side 2 of OMR Answer Sheet. An extra time of 5 minutes will be given to specify the number of answer fields left blank.
- 13. Failure to comply with any of the above instructions will render you liable to such action or penalty as the Commission may decide at their discretion.

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SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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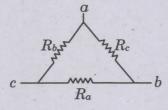
- When two 2-port network are connected in parallel, it is convenient to use 1.
 - Open circuit impedance parameters
- (B) Short circuit impedance parameters

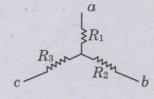
(C) Z parameters

- (D) Y parameters
- In a RLC series circuit, the impedance at resonance is 2.
 - (A) Zero

Infinity

- (D) $\frac{L}{CR}$
- In fig. 1 R_a , R_b and R_c are 20 Ω , 10 Ω and 10 Ω respectively. The resistances R_1 , R_2 and 3. R_3 in Ω of an equivalent star-connection are



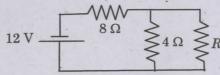


- (A) 2.5, 5, 5
- (B) 5, 2.5, 5 (C) 5, 5, 2.5
- (D) 2.5, 5, 2.5
- The equivalent inductance of two coils A and B connected as in the figure given below. 4.



 $(A) X_{l_1} + X_{l_2} - 2X_m$

- (B) $X_{l_1} + X_{l_2} + X_m$ (D) $X_{l_1} + X_{l_2} + 2X_m$
- What shall be the value of R, if it has to absorb maximum power from source? 5.



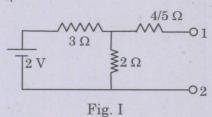
- (C) 4Ω
- (D) 8Ω

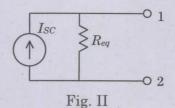
- 6. Which of the following theorems is a manifestation of the law of conservation of energy?
 - (A) Reciprocity theorem

(B) Thevenin's theorem

Tellegen's theorem

- (D) Norton's theorem
- 7. The Norton's equivalent circuit shown in the figure II is drawn from figure I. The value of I_{SC} and R_{eq} in the fig. II is





- (A) 5/2 A and 2Ω
- (C) 4/5 A and 12/5 Ω

- (B) 2/5 A and 1Ω
- (D) 2/5 A and 2 A

8. Match List I with List II.

List I (Condition)

List II

(Transient response)

(a) R=0

- 1. Undamped oscillations
- (b) $R < 2\sqrt{L/C}$
- 2. Damped oscillations
- (c) $R = 2\sqrt{L/C}$
- 3. Critically damped response
- (d) $R > 2\sqrt{L/C}$
- 4. Non-oscillatory response
- (a) (b) (c) 1 4 3
- (B) 1 2 3 4
- (C) 3 2 1 4
- (D) 3 4 1 2
- 9. In a RLC series circuit, $R = 8 \Omega$, L = 4 H, $C = \frac{1}{4} F$. The natural response is

(d)

(A) over damped

(B) under damped

(C) critically damped

- (D) oscillatory
- 10. The characteristics impedance of lossless transmission line is given by
 - (A) $\sqrt{C/L}$
- (B) \sqrt{LC}
- (e) $\sqrt{L/C}$
- (D) $1/\sqrt{LC}$

- 11. Image theory is applicable to problem involving
 - Electro static field only
 - Magneto static field only (B)
 - (C) Both electro static and magneto static fields
 - Neither electro static nor magneto static fields (D)
- The relation between electric intensity E, voltage applied V and the distance between the 12. plates of a parallel plate capacitor is

- (A) E = V/d (B) $E = V \times d$ (C) $E = V/d^2$ (D) $E = V \times d^2$
- Which one of the following is true for the value of capacitance between two spheres, whose 13. separation is very much larger than their radii R?

- (B) $2\pi \in_0 R$ (C) $\frac{2\pi \in_0}{R}$ (D) $\frac{4\pi \in_0}{R}$
- 14. The inductance of a solenoid of 10 turns is 5 µH. Which one of the following is correct value of inductance when the number of turns is 20 and length is doubled?
 - (A) 10 uH
- (B) 20 μH
- (C) 40 µH
- (D) 5 µH

- Consider the following three equations: 15.
 - $\nabla \times \overrightarrow{E} = -\frac{\partial \overrightarrow{B}}{\partial t}$
 - 2. $\nabla \times \vec{H} = \vec{J} + \frac{\partial \vec{D}}{\partial t}$
 - $\nabla \times \vec{B} = 0$ 3.

Which of the above are Maxwell's equations?

1, 2 and 3

(B) 1 and 2 only

2 and 3 only (C)

1 and 3 only.

- 16. The expression $A + (B \cdot C)$
 - (A) $A \cdot B + C$

 $A \cdot B + A \cdot C$

(C)

 $(A+B)\cdot (A+C)$

- 17. To reduce temperature error in shunted ammeter, swamping resistance is connected
 - (A) in series with the shunt
 - (B) in parallel with the shunt
 - in series with the meter
 - (D) in between shunt and the meter
- 18. The principle of voltage to time conversion is used in
 - Dual slope type DVM
 - (B) Successive approximation type DVM
 - (C) Integrating type DVM
 - (D) Continuous balance DVM
- 19. The turn off time of a LCD is in the order of
 - (A) 1 S

(B) 1 mS

(C) 10 mS

(D) 10 nS

- 20. An oscilloscope indicates
 - (A) RMS value

(B) Average value

Peak to peak value

- (D) DC value
- 21. Schmitt trigger used in digital measurement of time converts the input into
 - (A) Square wave

(B) Sine wave

(C) Pulses

- (D) Sawtooth wave
- 22. The gauge factor in a strain gauge is defined as (L length, D diameter, R resistivity, ρ resistivity)
 - (A) $\frac{\Delta L/L}{\Delta R/R}$

(B) $\frac{\Delta R/R}{\Delta L/L}$

(C) $\frac{\Delta R/R}{\Delta D/D}$

(D) $\frac{\Delta R/R}{\Delta \rho/\rho}$

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23.	Harr	monic distortion is due to									
	(A)	(A) Linear-behaviour of the circuit elements									
	B	HOLE NO. 10 HOLE HOLE HOLE HOLE HOLE HOLE HOLE HOLE									
	(C)	일이 가장 하고 있다면 가는 보겠다면 하는 것이 되었다. 그 아이를 가장 하는 것이 되었다면 하는 것이 되었다.									
	(D)	Due to circuit resistance									
24.	A Va	rmeter is used to indicate the									
	(A)	overloads	(B)	out of phase							
	(0)	reactive power	(D)	real power							
25.	In tw	vo wattmeter method of measuring	3-phase p	ower factor is 0.5, then one wattmeter will							
	(A)	$\frac{w}{2}$	(B)	zero							
	(C)	$\sqrt{2}w$	(D)	$\frac{w}{\sqrt{3}}$							
26.	Movi	ng iron instruments are									
	(A)	Attraction type	(B)	Repulsion type							
	(0)	Attraction and repulsion type	(D)	Dynamometer type							
27.	If σ	is standard deviation, variance is									
	(A)	$\sqrt{\sigma-1}$	(B)	$(\sigma)^{1.5}$							
	W.	σ^2	(D)	$(\sigma)^{1/2}$							
28.	Calcu	plate the sensitivity of a $200 \mu A$ me	ter moven	nent which is to be used as a dc voltmeter.							
	(A)	5000 KΩ/V	(B)	500 KΩ/V							
	(C)	50 ΚΩ/V	(D)								

Which of the following statements is not necessarily correct for open control system? 29.

- Input command is the sole factor responsible for providing the control action (A)
- BY Presence of non-linearities causes malfunctioning
 - Less expensive (C)
 - (D) Generally free from problems of non-linearities

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- 30. Which of the following is a reason to employ negative feedback in most automatic control systems?
 - (A) $G_C < G$

- (B) $G_C > G$
- (6) It results in stable output
- (D) It results in unstable output
- The loop gain GH of a closed loop systems is given by the expression $\frac{K}{s(s+2)(s+4)}$ the value of K for which the system just becomes unstable is
 - (A) K=6

(B) K = 8

(C) K = 48

- (D) K = 96
- 32. The Asymptotes in the root locus plot of unit feed back configuration of $G(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$ intersect with the real axis at
 - (A) -1.25

(B) -1.5

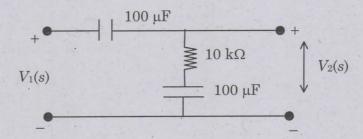
(C) -1

- (D) -1.15
- 33. Which of the following is the full form of SISO?
 - Single input single output
- (B) Sustained input sustained output
- (C) Steady input steady output
- (D) Sequential input sequential output
- 34. A unity feedback system having open loop gain $G(s)1+(s)=\frac{k(1-s)}{(1+s)}$ becomes stable when
 - (A) |k| > 1
- (B) k > 1
- (6) |k| < 1
- (D) k < -1
- 35. The first two rows of Routh's tabulation of a third order equation are as follows:

This means there are

- (A) Two roots at $s = \pm j$ and one root in right half s plane
- (B) Two roots at $s = \pm j2$ and one root in left half of s plane
- (C) Two roots at $s = \pm j2$ and one root in right half of s plane
- Two roots at $s = \pm j$ and one root in left half of s plane

- 36. Which of the following does not define a transfer function of a closed loop control system?
 - (A) It is a ratio of actual output to the referred output
 - (B) It is a ratio of actual output to the actual input
 - (C) It has magnitude only
 - (D) It has phase only
- 37. The transfer function $\frac{V_2(s)}{V_1(s)}$ of the circuit shown in Fig. is



(A) $\frac{0.5 s + 1}{s + 1}$

(B) $\frac{3s+6}{s+2}$

(C) $\frac{s+2}{s+1}$

- $\frac{s+1}{s+2}$
- 38. How can the reactive power delivered by a synchronous generator be controlled?
 - (A) By changing the prime mover input
 - By changing the excitation
 - (C) By changing the direction of rotation
 - (D) By changing the prime mover speed
- 39. With the load power factor of unity, the effect of armature reaction on the main field flux of an alternator is
 - (A) Distortional

(B) Magnetizing

(C) Demagnetizing

- (D) Nominal
- 40. In the 'V' curve of a synchronous motor, the 'x' axis parameter and 'y' axis parameter are respectively.
 - (A) Armature current and field current
- (B) Power factor and field current
- (C) Armature current and torque
- (D) Field current and armature current

41.				otor reactance per phase that is four times
				the maximum torque developed is
	(A)	1500 rpm	(3)	1125 rpm
	(C)	1000 rpm	(D)	3000 rpm
42.	In ar	n induction motor if the air gap is in	ncreased	
		speed will reduce	(B)	efficiency will improve
	(0)	power factor will be lowered	(D)	breakdown torque will reduce
43.	In an	induction motor, what is the ratio	of the rote	or copper loss and rotor input?
	(A)	$\frac{1}{s}$	(8)	s
	(C)	1-8	(D)	$\frac{s}{1-s}$
44.	Two impe	transformers A and B having equa dances of 4 and 2 are operating in ————————————————————————————————————	l outputs a	and voltage ratios but unequal percentage ransformer A will be running over-load by
	(A)	50	(B)	66
	Cor	33	(D)	25
45.	The rated	voltage applied to the h.v. side of voltage. The core loss will be ——————————————————————————————————		emer during short-circuit test is 2% of its percent of the rated core loss.
	(A)	4	(B)	
	(C)	0.25	O)	0.04
46.	Which 30° b	h three phase connection can be use etween its output and correspondin	ed in a trai	nsformer to introduce a phase difference of ne voltages?
	(A)	Star-Delta	(B)	Star-Star
	(C)	Delta-Delta	(D)	Delta-Zigzag
47.	What iron l	is the load at which maximum effi oss of 1 kW and full load copper los	iciency occ s of 2 kW?	urs in case of a 100 kVA transformer with
	(A)	100 kVA	(B)	70.7 kVA
	(C)	50.5 kVA	(D)	25.2 kVA
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- 48. Surge impedance is given by
 - (A) $\sqrt{\frac{z}{y}}$

 $\sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$

(C) \sqrt{yz}

- (D) \sqrt{LC}
- 49. _____ circuit breakers are for low and medium voltages.
 - (A) A.C. air break

(B) Air blast

(C) SF₆

- (D) Vacuum
- 50. Flux linkages within a conductor producing flux in Wb-T/m are given by
 - (A) 0.5×10^{-7}

 $\frac{\mu I}{8\pi}$

(C) $\frac{\mu}{4\pi}$

- (D) $\frac{\mu I}{4\pi}$
- 51. With usual notation, the sag d is given by
 - (A) $d = H \cosh \frac{wl}{H}$

- (B) $d = \frac{wl}{2T^2}$
- (C) $d = \frac{H}{W} \left[\cosh\left(\frac{wl}{H}\right) + 1 \right]$
- $d = \frac{H}{W} \left[\cosh \left(\frac{wl}{H} \right) 1 \right]$
- 52. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists.

List I

List II

- (a) Thyrite arrester
- 1. Tower location
- (b) Sag template
- 2. Cross bonding
- (c) Cable sheaths
- 3. Restriking voltage
- (d) Circuit breaker
- 4. Non-linear resistor

- (a)
- (b)
- (c) (d)
- (A) 4
- 3
- P) 1
- .
- (C) 1
- 3
- (D) 4
- 0
- 2

- (D) 4
- 3
- 1
- 2

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	(D)	80 MVA
	(C)	125 MVA
	(B)	400 MVA
	(A)	500 MVA
57.	Four 16% a	identical alternators each rated for 20 MVA, 11 kV having a sub-transient reactance of re working in parallel. The short circuit level of the bus-bars is
	(D)	500 MW
	(C)	251.5 MW
	(B)	217.5 MW
	W	435.6 MW
56.	The v	oltages at the two ends of a line are 132 kV and its reactance is 40 ohms. The capacity line is
	(C)	1 (D) 0
	(A)	B A
55.		xpression $AB + A\overline{B}$
	(D)	percentage differential relay
	(C)	under frequency relay
	(B)	offset mho relay
	(A)	under voltage relay
54.	Prote	ction scheme used for detection of loss of excitation of a very large generating unit ng power into a grid employs
	(D)	low pressure and high velocity
	(C)	low pressure and low velocity
	(B)	high pressure and high velocity
	(A)	high pressure and low velocity
53.	The c	current chopping tendency is minimised by using the SF ₆ gas at relatively

- 58. By placing an inverter between both inputs of an S-R flip flop, the resulting is a
 - (A) S-R latch

(B) T-flip flop

(C) J-K flip flop

D- flip flop

59. Given: X = 1010100

Y = 1000011

Perform subtraction using 1's complement X - Y = ?

(A) 0001001

(B) 1001001

0010001

- (D) 0010101
- 60. Simplify the following Boolean expression to a minimum number of literals.

$$xy + x'z + yz$$

(xy + x'z)

(B) xy + yz

(C) x'z + yz

- (D) x'y + yz
- 61. In a two stage amplifier, if the two stages has voltage gains as 20 dB and 40 dB, then the overall voltage gain in dB is
 - (A) 60 dB

(B) 800 dB

(C) 20 dB

- (D) 10 dB
- 62. A transistor used as a switch is operated in
 - (A) active region

(B) saturation region

(C) cut off region

- cut off and saturation region
- 63. In a CE transistor β may be expressed in terms of α as
 - (A) $\beta = \frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha}$

(B) $\beta = \frac{1+\alpha}{\alpha}$

(C) $\beta = \frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha}$

 $\beta = \frac{\alpha}{1 - \alpha}$

64. The frequency of oscillation of RC phase shift oscillator using OP-AMP is

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi RC}$$

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi RC\sqrt{6}}$$

$$(C) f_0 = \frac{1}{4\pi RC}$$

$$\text{(D)} \quad f_0 = \frac{1}{4\pi RC\sqrt{6}}$$

- 65. The contents of a four bit register are initially 1011. The register is shifted 3 times to the right with the serial input being 101111. What are the contents of the register after the final shift?
 - (A) 1101

(B) 1111

(C) 1110

- (D) 1011
- 66. An 8-input multiplexer is to be builts with a tree network of 2-input multiplexers. The number of 2-input multiplexers required are
 - (A) 2

(B) 4

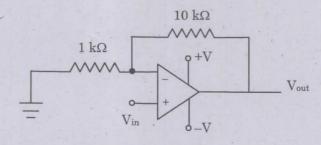
(C) 8

- (D) 16
- 67. A four bit counter has a maximum modulus of
 - (A) 4

(B) 6

(C) 8

- (D) 16
- 68. For the non inverting amplifier shown, find the output voltage for a input of one volt.



(A) 1 volt

(B) 10 volt

(C) 11 volt

(D) 0.1 volt

- 69. For a 6 pulse converter, the intervals between firing of six SCRs is
 - (A) 90°

(B) 45°

(C) 30°

- (D) 60°
- 70. If V_{ph} is the rms value of line to neutral voltage applied to three phase full converter, then the maximum value of the output voltage is given by
 - (A) $3\sqrt{2} V_{ph} / \pi$

(B) $3\sqrt{3} V_{ph} / \pi$

 $3\sqrt{6} V_{ph} / \pi$

- (D) $6\sqrt{3} V_{ph}/\pi$
- 71. Which of the following circuit cannot be operated directly from the mains?
 - (A) Bridge rectifier

(B) Centre-tap rectifier

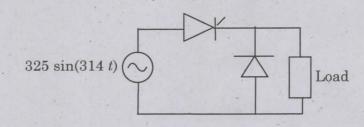
(C) Half wave rectifier

- (D) Voltage doubles
- 72. For a full wave single phase rectifier with freewheeling diode, the width of the freewheeling diode current pulse for each 2π cycle is
 - (A) $\pi + \alpha$

(B) $\pi - c$

(C) π

- (D) 2α
- 73. The figure shows the circuit diagram of a rectifier. The load consists of a 10 Ω resistance and an inductances 0.05 H connected in series. Assuming ideal thyristor and diode, the firing angle in degree to obtain an average load voltage of 70 V is



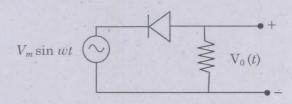
(A) 79.3°

(B) 69.3°

(C) 90°

(D) 108.3°

74. In the following circuit the average value of $V_0(t)$ will be



(A) 0

 $\frac{-V_m}{\pi}$

(C) $V_m/\sqrt{2}$

(D) $-V_m$

75. An electric motor developing a starting torque of 15 Nm starts with a load torque of 7 Nm on its shaft. If the acceleration at start is 2 rad/sec², the moment of inertia of the system must be

(A) 0.25 Kgm²

(B) 0.25 Nm²

(C) 4 Kgm²

(D) 4 Nm²

76. Match:

List I

List II

(Circuit)

(Type of conversion)

- (a) Controlled Rectifier
- 1. Fixed DC to variable voltage, variable frequency AC
- (b) Chopper
- 2. Fixed DC to variable DC
- (c) Inverter
- 3. Fixed AC to variable DC
- (d) Cyclo converter
- 4. Fixed AC to variable frequency AC
- (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) 2 3 1 4 (B) 3 2 4 1 (C) 2 3 4 1

77. The most suitable device for high frequency inversion in SMPS is

(A) BJT

(B) IGBT

MOSFET

(D) GTO

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- 78. If the clock frequency is 5 MHz, how much time is required to execute an instruction of 18 T-states?
 - 3.6 micro seconds

(B) 3.6 milli seconds

(C) 0.36 milli seconds

- (D) 0.036 micro seconds
- 79. The instruction IMUL DH in 8086 results in
 - (A) AL multiplied by DH and the unsigned product is in AX
 - AL multiplied by DH and the signed product is in AX
 - (C) AL multiplied by DH and the unsigned product is in AL
 - (D) AL multiplied by DH and the unsigned product is in AH
- 80. Specify the memory location and its contents after the following instructions are executed in 8085

MVI B, F7 H

MOV A, B

STA XX75 H

HLT

- (A) Location: 2075 H, Content: 7F H
- (B) Location: 2075 H, Content: F 7H
- (C) Location: 2075 H, Content: 00 H
- (D) Location: 2075 H, Content: 07 H
- 81. In radix 2 DIT, Fast Fourier Transform computation the number of additions and multiplications are given by
 - (A) N(N-1) and N^2 respectively
 - $N\log_2 N$ and $\frac{N}{2}\log_2 N$ respectively
 - (C) N^2 and $N \log_2 N$ respectively
 - (D) $\frac{N}{2}\log_2 N$ and N(N-1) respectively
- 82. The filter that has a monotonic pass band and an equiripple stop band is
 - Type II Chebyshev filter
- (B) Type I Chebyshev filter

(C) Elliptic

(D) Butterworth

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83.	A hig	gh on 7	TC line in	n 8257 in	ndicates				
	(A)	Byte	transfer	rred is 1		B	Data transfer completion		
	(C)	No d	lata tran	sferred		(D)	Modulo 128 mark		
84.	The	8051 ii	nstructio	n JBC A	CC.O, X m	akes the	orogram to		
	(A)						tor is HIGH		
	B						ulator is HIGH and also clears the LSB of		
		7	mulator						
	(C)	jump	to locat	tion X if	the LSB of	accumula	tor is LOW		
	(D)		to loca mulator	ation X	if the LSB	of accur	mulator is LOW and also sets the LSB of		
85.	Mate	ch List	I with I	ist II an	d select the	answer:			
			List I				List II		
	(a)		etion of F			1.	Increase in Bandwidth		
	(b)		very of ba			2.	Slope overload error		
		Limit	ted single	e from it	s				
		unifo	rmly san	npled va	lues				
	(c)		quantiz		signals	3.	Nyquist rate		
	(d)	Delta	modula	tion		4.	Cross correllation		
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
	(A)	4	3	1	2				
	(B)	3	4	2	1				
	(C)	4	3	2	1				
	(D)	4	2	1	3				
86.	Cons	sider t	he follow	ing drav	vbacks:				
	1.	Slop	e over lo	ad noise					
	2.	Serr	ation no	ise					
	3.	Gra	nular no	ise					
	4. Quantization noise								
	Whi	ch of th	hese dra	wbacks	does Delta 1	nodulatio	n have?		
	(A)	1 an	id 2	1		(B	1 and 4		
	(6)	1 an	id 3			(D) 2 and 4		
				W					
CEE	E/18					18			

87.		n the sun is at an angle θ with the ze		,	
	(A)	$\sin \theta$	(B)	$\cos \theta$	
	(C)	$1/\sin\theta$		$1/\cos\theta$	
88.	The	surface temperature of the sun is app	coximat	cely	
	(A)	6000° K	(B)	80,000° C	
	(C)	100,000° F	(D)	10,00,000° K	
89.	The	aperture area of a solar module is defi	ned as		
	(A)	the total area of the solar module			
	(B)	the area of PV – active parts only			
	(C)	the total area less the PV – active as	rea		
	(D)	the sum of the module area and the	PV – a	ctive area	
90.	Instr	rument used to measure the total hem	ispheri	cal solar radiation	
	(A)	Pyrheliometer	(B)	Pyranometer	
	(C)	Anemometer	(D)	Sunshine Recorder	
91.	Tricl	kle charging of a storage battery helps	to		
	(A)	Maintain proper electrolyte level	(B)	Increase its reserve capacit	y
	(C)	Prevent sulphation	(D)	Keep it fresh and fully char	rged
92.	The	best indication about the state of char	ge on a	lead acid battery is given by	
	(A)	output voltage			
	(B)	temperature of electrolyte			
	(0)	specific gravity of electrolyte			
	*(D)	colour of the electrolyte			
93.	For	a battery, A C-rate of 'n' indicates that	the ba	ttery fully discharges in	
00.	(A)	n hours	(B)	$C \times n$ hours	
	(A)	C/n hours	(D)	1/n hours	
=			19		CEEE/18 [Turn over

94. Find the voltage across AB in the circuit shown in fig. 1.

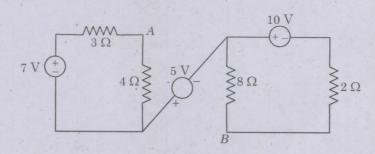


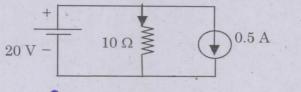
Fig. 1

(A)



- (C) 1V
- (D) 9 V

Current through the voltage source in the following circuit is 95.



(A) 2 A



- 25 A

A dc voltage V is applied at time t = 0 to a series RC circuit. The steady state current is 96.

- (B) $\frac{V}{C}$ Zero (D) $\frac{V}{\sqrt{R^2 + C^2}}$

A 100 watt electric bulb draws current I amp from 200 volt, 50 Hz supply. The current I is 97.

- (A) 1 A
- (B) $\sqrt{2}$ A

98. A series connected load draws a current $i(t) = 4\cos(100\pi t + 10)$ A with the source of $V(t) = 120\cos(100\pi t - 20) \text{ V}$. The apparent power and PF are

(A) 480 VA, 0.8 leading

480 VA, 0.8 lagging

(C) 240 VA, 0.8 leading

(D) 240 VA, 0.8 lagging

99. Superposition theorem is not applicable for

(A) Voltage calculations

(B) Bilateral elements

Power calculations

Passive elements

CEEE/18

20

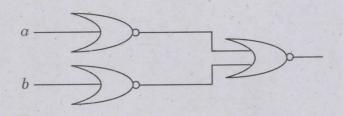
- 100. The code where all successive numbers differ from their preceding number by single bit is
 - (A) Binary code

(B) BCD code

(C) Excess-3 code

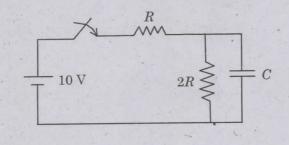
- (B) Gray code
- 101. At resonant frequency, a RLC series circuit draws maximum current due to
 - the difference between capacitive reactance and inductive reactance is zero
 - (B) the impedance is more than its resistance
 - (C) the voltage across capacitor is equal to the applied voltage
 - (D) the PF is less than unity
- 102. Two coils X of 1000 turns and Y of 2000 turns are placed such that 60% of the flux produced by coil X links coil Y. A current 1 A in coil X produces 0.1 MWb flux. The mutual inductance between the coil is
 - (A) 0.12 H
- (B) 0.08 H
- (C) 0.06 H
- (D) 0.04 H

103. The logic performance of the following circuit is



- (A) NAND
- (B) ANI
- C) NOT
- (D) OR

104. The time constant of the network shown in figure is

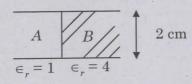


- (A) 2RC
- (B) 3RC
- (C) RC/2
- (D) 2RC/3

105.	The	relationship bet	ween e	lectric field and	d electr	ic potential is g	given by	,	
	(A)	$\overline{E} = -\nabla^2 V$	(B)	$\overline{E} = V$		$\overline{E} = -\nabla V$	(D)	$\overline{E} = -\frac{\nabla V}{2}$	
106.	The e	expression for li	fting p	ower of an elec	tromagi	net is			
	(A)	F = BH	(B)	F = 2BH	(C)	$F = BH^2$	(D)	$F = \frac{1}{2}BH$	
107.	the ic	orce per metre o	i each	conductor if the	e currer	nt flow is in opp	separat	ed by 20 mm, wi	hat i
	(A)	0.1 N/m	(B)	0.2 N/m	(C)	10 N/m		20 N/m	
108.		ent flow in diele							
	(A)	conduction cur displacement of			(B)	current does		in dielectric	
		displacement	current		(D)	free charge cu	ırrent		
109.	neia i	intensity at the	centre					he value of mag	netic
	(A)	2 A/m	(B)	1 A/m	(C)	10 A/m	(D)	4 A/m	
110.	The fe	ollowing law rel	ates th	e forces experie	enced b	y two loops of	wires ca	arrying current	
	(A)	Coulomb's law			(B)	Newton's law			
	(0)	Ampere's law			(D)	Gauss law			
111.	A uni	form surface clic field at $P(1, 1)$	harge (of $\sigma = 2 \text{ c/m}^2$ i	is situa	ted at $z=2$ p	olane. V	What is the val	ue of
	4	$1.1 \times 10^{+11}$	(B)	2.2×10^{-11}	(C)	3.3	(D)	0	
112.	Hux a	ensity B is given	n by					elocity v in mag	netic
	(A)	$F = Qv \times B$	(B)	$F = B(Q \times v)$	(C)	$F = B(v \times \overline{Q})$	(D)	$B = F(v \times B)$	
113.	Electr	ric flux inside a	conduc	ting sphere is					
	(A)	uniform		zero	(C)	minimum	(D)	maximum	
CEE	E/18			2	2				<u></u>

- Which of the following amplifier has highest efficiency? 114.
 - (A) Class-A
- Class-B (B)
- Class-C
- (D) Class-AB
- What is the capacitance of a capacitor having a stored energy of 10 microjoules with an applied voltage of 5 volts?
 - (A) $C = 0.4 \ \mu\text{F}$ (B) $C = 0.8 \ \mu\text{F}$ (C) $C = 0.12 \ \mu\text{F}$ (D) $C = 1 \ \mu\text{F}$

- 116. A point charge of $4\pi\varepsilon_0 C$ is situated at origin. What is the value of field intensity at (0, 0, 1) m?
 - (A) 1 V/m
- (B) 2 V/m (C) 4 V/m
- (D) 0 V/m
- 117. A parallel plate capacitor filled with two dielectrics is shown in the figure below. If the electric field in the region A is 4 kV/cm, the electric field in the region B in kV/cm is



- (A)
- (B)
- (D) 16

- 118. Inductance is measured by
 - Wien bridge

(B) Schering bridge

Maxwell's bridge

- (D) De Sauty's bridge
- 119. A basic D'Arsonval movement with a full scale deflection of 50 µA and internal resistance of $500~\Omega$ is used as a volt meter. Determine the value of multiplier resistor to measure a voltage range of 0-10 V.
 - 2.5 K Ohms (A)

 $199.5 \text{ k}\Omega$

 400Ω (C)

- 200Ω
- When a galvanometer is connected in series with high resistance it becomes, 120.
 - an ammeter (A)

(B) a voltmeter

a wattmeter (C)

(D) a multimeter

121.	Mate	ch:				
		List	1			List 2
		(Terr	ns)			(Meanings)
	(a)	Preci	ision		1.	The smallest change in the input quantity which can be detected
	(b)	Accu	racy		2.	Closeness of the reading to true value
	(c)	(c) Resolution		3.	Measure of reproducibility	
	(d)	Stati	c sensitiv	vity	4.	Ratio of infinitesimal change in output to infinitesimal change in input
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
	(A)	2	3	1	4	
	(B)	3	2	4	1	
	(0)	3	2	1	4	
	(D)	2	3	4	1	
122.	Whic	ch one	of the fol	lowing m	ateria	ls is not used as a piezoelectric transducer?
	(A)		helle salt			(B) Lithium sulphate
	(C)	Dipo	otassium	tartrate		Tungsten oxide
123.	RTD	(Resis	stance Te	mneratu	re Det	ector) is an
	(A)		ve transd		C DC	passive transducer
	(C)		ictive tra			(D) capacitive transducer
124.	Very	small	resistan	ces can be	e meas	sured more accurately by
	(A)	Resi	stance bo	X		B Kelvin double bridge
	(C)	And	erson Bri	dge		(D) Schering bridge
125.	A bri	idge c	ircuit wo r null con	rks at a	freque the br	ency of 2 kHz. Which of the following can be used as a idge?
	(A)	Head	dphones	and vibra	tion ga	alvanometers
	(B)	Head	dphones	and tunal	ole am	plifier
	(C)	Vibr	ation gal	vanomete	er and	tunable amplifier
	(D)					nometer and tunable amplifiers
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- 126. A control system working under unknown random actions is called
 - (A) Computer control system
- (B) Digital data system
- (C) Stochastic control system
- (D) Adaptive control system
- 127. ______ technique gives quick transient and stability response.
 - (A) Root locus

(B) Bode

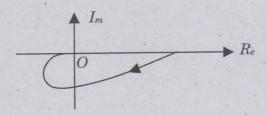
(C) Nyquist

- (D) Nichols
- 128. Phase margin of a system is used to specify
 - (A) frequency response

(B) absolute stability

relative stability

- (D) time response
- 129. Pressure error can be measured by
 - Differential bellows and strain gauge
 - (B) Selsyn
 - (C) Strain gauge
 - (D) Strain gauge and potentiometer
- 130. An amplidyne can give which of the following characteristics?
 - (A) constant current
 - (B) constant voltage
 - (C) constant current and constant voltage
 - constant current, constant voltage and constant power
- 131. The polar plot of the system shown, the type of the system is



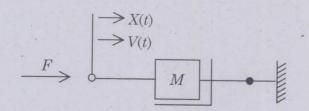
(A) 1

(B) 0

(C) 2

D) None of the above

The mass element can be expressed as 132.



(A) $F = \frac{Md^2x}{dt^2}$ (C) $F = K \int_{-\alpha}^{t} u \, dt$

- If a step function is applied to the input of a system and the output remains below a certain level for all the time, the system is
 - not necessarily stable
- (B) stable

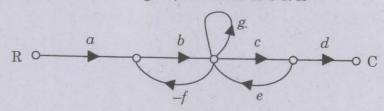
(C) unstable

- (D) always unstable
- 134. The type 2 system has -- at the origin.
 - (A) no net pole

(B) net pole

(C) simple pole

- (D) two poles
- The unit impulse response of a second order under damped system starting from the rest is 135. $c(t) = 12.5 e^{-6t} \sin 8t$, the steady state value of $t \ge 0$ unit step response of the system is equal to
 - (A)
- (B) 0.25
- (C) 0.5
- The signal flow graph shown in figure, the value of C/R is 136.



137.	The	maximun	n spee	d at which	ch the	field	of alternator can be operated to develop 60 Hz is	
	(A)	1800 rp	om				B 3600 rpm	
	(C)	7200 rp	om				(D) 1500 rpm	
138.	Mate	ch List I (Machi	ines) witl	h List	II (Te	est) and select the correct answer.	
		List I					List II	
	(a)	Transfor	rmer			1.	Slip test	
	(b)	DC mote	or			2.	Blocked rotor test	
	- (c)	Alternat	tor			3.	Sumpner's test	
	(d)	Induction	n Mot	or		4.	Swinburne's test	
	Code							
	Code	es.						
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
	(A)	3	4	1	2			
	(B)	4	3	2	1			
	(C)	3	4	2	1			
	(D)	4	3	1	2			
139.							perating unloaded salient pole synchronous mot us to run as	or
	(A)	Schrag	e moto	or			(B) Spherical motor	
	(C)	Switch	ed relu	uctance n	notor		Variable reluctance motor	
140.	In a	split pha	se mot	or, the r	unning	g win	nding should have	
	(A)			nce and lo				
	(B)			ice and h				
				ce and hi	The Land			
	(C)							
	(D)	Low re	sistan	ce and lo	w inai	actan	ice	
141.		tor input er develo				ductio	on motor running with a slip of 10% is 100 kW, gro kW.	SS
	(A)	10					90	
	(C)	99					(D) 80	
=							27 CEEE/I [Turn over	
							[Turn ove	1

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	(C)	555 × 555	(D)	554×554
	(A)	553 × 553	(B)	540 × 540
147.	are to	he ones with reactive power support	et and ses. It	ch 20 buses are generator buses, 25 buses 15 buses are the ones with fixed shunt is proposed to perform a load flow analysis ses
			(D)	10.471
	(A) (C)	250 A 20.833 A	(D)	125 A 10.4 A
		ture if the armature winding is simple	100	
146.				O A. What is the current per path of the
	(D)	pulsating and unidirectional		
	(C)	steady and unidirectional		
	(B)	oscillating		
	(A)	of zero average value		
145.	A DC will b		d to sir	ngle phase AC supply. The torque produced
	(C)-	440 A	(D)	400 A
		40 A	(B)	44 A
	200 V			
144.			f arma	ature resistance of $0.5~\Omega$ and back emf of
	(C)	armature winding	D	commutator
	(A)	poles	(B)	brushes
143.	The c	levice which converts alternating curr	ent int	o direct current in a dc machine is
	(C)	75 W	(D)	50 W
	(A)	168.75 W	(B)	112.5 W

A single phase transformer when supplied from 220 V, 50 Hz has eddy current loss of 50 W.

If the transformer is connected to a voltage of 330 V, 50 Hz, the eddy current loss will be

142.

- 148. A system is reactance grounded, if
 - $\frac{x_0}{x_1} > 3$ but less than that for resonant grounding
 - (B) $\frac{x_0}{x_1} > 3$
 - (C) $\frac{R_0}{x_1} > 3$
 - (D) $\frac{x_0}{x_1} > 3$ and $\frac{R_0}{x_1} > 3$
- 149. The order of the lightning discharge current is
 - (A) 10,000 amp

(B) 100 amp

(C) 1 amp

- (D) 1 micro-amp
- 150. A hydro-electric generating station is supplied from a reserviour of capacity 5×10^6 cubic metres at a head of 200 metres. The total energy available in kWh if the overall efficiency is 75% is
 - (A) $2.044 \times 10^6 \, \text{kWh}$

(B) $252 \times 10^6 \text{ kWh}$

(C) 775 kWh

- (D) 81620 kWh
- 151. The positive sequence component of voltage at the point of fault is zero when it is a
 - (A) 3-phase fault

(B) L-L fault

(C) L-L-G fault

- (D) L-G fault
- 152. The purpose of lead sheath in cables is
 - (A) to protect from mechanical wear and tear
 - (B) to protect from moisture
 - (C) to give a round shape
 - (D) to provide a steel armour around it
- 153. Earth wire on EHV overhead transmission line is provided to protect the line against
 - (A) lightning surge

- (B) switching surge
- (C) excessive fault voltages
- (D) corona effect

- 154. The number of flip flops required to construct a decade counter is
 - (A) 10

(B) 8

(6) 4

- (D) 3
- 155. Which one of the following is not correct?

(A)
$$P_i - jQ_i = V_i^* \sum_{j=1}^n Y_{ij} V_j$$

(B)
$$V_i = |V_i|(\cos \delta_i + j \sin \delta_i)$$

(C) Real power loss =
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} P_i = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P_{gi} - \sum_{i=1}^{n} P_{di}$$
 (Total generation) – (Total load)

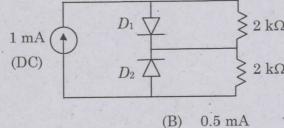
(D)
$$Q_i = \sum_{j=1}^{n} |Y_{ij}V_iV_j| \cos(\delta_i - \delta_j - \theta_{ij})$$

- 156. A 132 kV transmission line has the weight of conductor = 680 kg/km; length of span = 260 m; ultimate strength = 3100 kg; safety factor = 2; and ground clearance = 10 m. The height above ground at which the conductor be supported is
 - (A) 10 m
 - (B) 3.7 m
 - (C) 260 m
 - (D) 13.7 m
- 157. The flip-flops belongs to a category of a logic circuits known as
 - (A) Monostable multivibrator
 - (B) Astable multivibrator
 - Bistable multivibrator
 - (D) One shot

- 158. In a common emitter configuration, calculate emitter current IE in a transistor for which $\beta = 50$ and base current $I_B = 20 \mu A$
 - 0.102 mA (A)

10.2 mA (C)

- (D) 102 mA
- Avalanche breakdown results due to 159.
 - process of rise in temperature (A)
 - disrupting bonds (B)
 - strong electric field across the junction (C)
 - valance electrons (D)
- Assume the D_1 and D_2 in the figure are ideal diodes. The value of current I through D_2 is 160.



0 mA

1 mA

- (D) 2 mA
- If the ac input to a half wave rectifier has an r.m.s value of $400/\sqrt{2}$ volts, then diode PIV. rating is
 - $400/\sqrt{2} \text{ V}$

(B) $400 \times \sqrt{2} \text{ V}$

- (D) 202.84 V
- The most desirable feature of a transformer coupling is 162.
 - higher voltage gain (A)
 - wide frequency range (B)
 - ability to provide impedance matching between the stages
 - ability to eliminate hum from the output (D)

163. How many $32 \text{ K} \times 8 \text{ RAM}$ chips are needed to provide a memory capacity of 512 K bytes?

(A) 32 chips

(B) 16 chips

(C) 8 chips

(D) 4 chips

164. For a full wave rectifier, match the following:

	Colu	mn A			Column I
(a)	I_{dc}			1.	0.482
(b)	Rippl	e factor	2.	$2I_m/\pi$	
(c)	Effici	ency		3.	$I_m/\sqrt{2}$
(d)	I_{rms}			4.	0.812
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(A)	1	2	3	4	
(B)	2	1	4	3	
(C)	3	1	4	2	
(D)	4	. 2	1 .	3	

165. The a.c drain resistance of a JFET is calculated using

- $\frac{\Delta V_{DS}}{\Delta I_D}$ at constant V_{GS}
- (B) $\frac{\Delta I_D}{\Delta V_{GS}}$ at constant V_{DS}
- (C) $\frac{\Delta V_{GS}}{\Delta I_D}$ at constant V_{DS}
- (D) $\frac{\Delta I_D}{\Delta V_{DS}}$ at constant V_{GS}

166. The effect of source inductance on the performance of single phase and three phase full converter is to

- (A) reduce the ripples in the load current
- (B) make the discontinuous current as continuous
- reduces the output voltage
- (D) increases the load voltage

- 167. Resonant pulse inverters are used for
 - (A) Generating large peak voltage
 - Overcoming the switching losses
 - (C) Eliminating the harmonics
 - (D) Converting a square wave into sine wave
- 168. A single phase half bridge inverter is feeding a load of 2.9 Ω from 48 V DC source. The RMS output voltage at fundamental frequency is
 - (A) $2 \times 48/\pi$

(B) $2 \times 48/\sqrt{2}\pi$

 $(\sqrt{2} \times 48)/\pi$

- (D) $(2 \times 48)/2\sqrt{2}\pi$
- 169. The output voltage waveform of a three phase square-wave inverter contains
 - (A) only even harmonics

(B) both odd and even harmonics

(C) only odd harmonics

- (D) only triple harmonics
- 170. The number of junctions in a silicon controlled rectifier is
 - (A) two

(B) three

(C) four

- (D) six
- 171. Which one of the following is not a current triggered device?
 - (A) SCR

(B) GTO

(C) TRIAC

- MOSFET
- 172. Number of thyristors, each with the rating of 500 V, 75 A required in each branch of a series parallel combination for a circuit with the total voltage and current rating of 7.5 KV and 1 KA respectively. If the device derating factor is 14%, then what is the number of thyristors in series and parallel branch respectively?

	No.of thyristors in series branch	No.of thyristors in parallel branch
(A)	18	16
(B)	15	14
(C)	12	12
(D)	16	18

173.	A DC		phase ha	lf controlled rectifier can be operated in
	(A)	Forward motoring		
	(B)	Reverse motoring and reverse bra	king mod	le
	(C)	Forward motoring and forward br	aking mo	ode
	(D)	Reverse motoring and forward bra	aking mo	de
174.	Inas	single phase cyclo converter, an inte	er group r	reactor is used to
	(A)	Reduce the current ripples		
	(B)	Reduce the voltage ripples		
	100	Limit the circulating current		
	(D)	Limit di/dt		
175.	The	output voltage of a DC chopper of	onsists of	f rectangular pulse of duration 1 msec in
				d by 100 V DC, then the average value of
	outpu	at voltage and ripple factor are resp	pectively	
	(A)	33.33, 1.41	(B)	66.66, 1.41
	(C)	33.33, 1	(D)	66.66, 1
176.			of 5V an	d the average output voltage of 15 V. The
	duty	cycle is		
	(A)	3/2	(B)	2/3
	(C)	5/2	(D)	15/2
177.	The r	esult of the instruction NEGCH in	8086 resu	alts in
	(A)	CH one's complemented	(B)	CH two's complemented
	(C)	CH nine's complemented	(D)	CH ten's complemented
178.	The in	nstruction RST 7 is a		
	(A)	Restart instruction that begins the	execution	on of a program
	(B)	One-byte call to the memory addre	ess 0038]	H
	(C)	One-byte call to the memory addre	ess 0007	H
	(D)	Hardware interrupt		
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- 179. Calculate the Full-scale output for an 8-bit DAC for the (0 to 10) Volt range
 - (A) 9.691 Volt . .

(B) 9.961 Volt

(C) 9.5 Volt.

- (D) 10 Volt
- 180. The average power of the energy signal is
 - (A) Finite

(B) Zero

(C) Infinite

- (D) Between 2 and 4
- 181. $\sin c(x)$ function is defined as
 - (A) $\sin c(x) = \frac{\pi x}{\sin(\pi x)}$

 $\sin c(x) = \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x}$

(C) $\sin c(x) = \frac{\sin \pi x}{\pi}$

- (D) $\sin c(x) = \frac{\pi}{\sin(\pi x)}$
- 182. The analog signal, $m(t) = 4\cos 100 \pi t + 8\sin 200 \pi t + \cos 300 \pi t$, the Nyquist sampling rate will be
 - (A) $\frac{1}{100}$ sec

(B) $\frac{1}{200}$ sec

 $\frac{1}{300}$ sec

- (D) $\frac{1}{600}$ sec
- 183. The ISR status of 8259 after IR4 is accepted is
 - (A) 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0

(B) 0, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1

2, 1, 0, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3

- (D) 3, 2, 1, 0, 7, 6, 5, 4
- 184. For latching the content of a counter of 8253 while the count is still going on
 - (A) The bits D7 and D6 of the control word are to be made 0
 - The bits D5 and D4 of the control word are to be made 0
 - (C) The bits D3 and D2 of the control word are to be made 0
 - (D) The bits D1 and D0 of the control word are to be made 0
- 185. No. of modes of operation in 8255A PPI is
 - (A)

- (B) 2
- (0) 3
- (D) 4

186.	Five cells, each with an emf of 2 V	and	Internal	resistance	of 0.5 Ω	are	connected in	series
	the resulting battery will have							

(A) E = 2V; $R_{\rm in} = 0.5 \Omega$

(B) E = 10V; $R_{\rm in} = 2.5 \Omega$

(C) E = 2V; $R_{in} = 0.1\Omega$

(D) E = 10V; $R_{\rm in} = 0.1\Omega$

187. In a fuel cell the negative electrode is of

(A) Carbon monoxide

(B) Hydrogen

(C) Oxygen

(D) Ammonia

188. The process that converts solid coal in to liquid Hydro carbon fuel is called

(A) Liquefaction

(B) Carbonation

(C) Catalytic conversion

(D) Hydrolysis

- (A) 56%
- (B) 17%
- (C) 75%
- (D) 83%

(A) Generator

- (B) Battery alone
- Hybrid of capacitor and a battery
- (D) Motor

(A) $\lambda = \omega_r R$

(B) $\lambda = (\omega_r R)/V$

(C) $\lambda = V/(\omega_r R)$

(D) $\lambda = \frac{V}{\omega_r}$

192. How many blades does a modern wind turbine have?

- (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C) 4
- (D) 1

(A) Reynolds number

(B) Mach number

Beaufort number

(D) Froude number

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194.		PCM system a 5 bit encode coder?		e each represents 1 Volt, what is the range
	(A)	0 - 32 V	(B)	0 – 31 V
	(C)	1 – 31 V	(D)	1 – 32 V
195.		n a subroutine is called, the	ne address of the in	nstructions following the CALL instruction
	(A)	Stack Pointer	(B)	Accumulator
	(C)	Program Counter		Stack
196.	In PV	V systems, 1 equivalent sur	n indicates a solar	irradiance of
	(A)	1000 W/m ²	(B)	100 W/m ²
	(C)	10 W/m ²	(D)	1 W/m ²
197.		he junction of two med	ia having relativ	we refracted angle θ_t of a light beam falling we refractive indices of n_1 and n_2 is $n_1 \sin \theta_i = n_2 \sin \theta_t$
				$n_1 \cos \theta_i = n_2 \sin \theta_t$
	(0)	$n_1 \sin \theta_i = n_2 \cos \theta_t$	(D)	$n_1 \cos \theta_i - n_2 \sin \theta_t$
198.	The	voltage factor for a typical	silicon cell is	
	(A)	0.4	(B)	0.5
	(C)	0.6	(D)	0.7
199.	The l	nour angle of solar radiation	on is	
	(A)	5° / hour	(B)	10° / hour
	(0)	15° / hour	(D)	20° / hour

The fill factor FF of a solar cell is defined as 200.

 $V_{oc} \cdot I_{sc}$

 $V_{OC} \cdot I_{SC} / P_{min}$ (B)

 $P_{max}/\,V_{OC}\cdot I_{SC}$

(D) P_{max}/P_{min}

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